

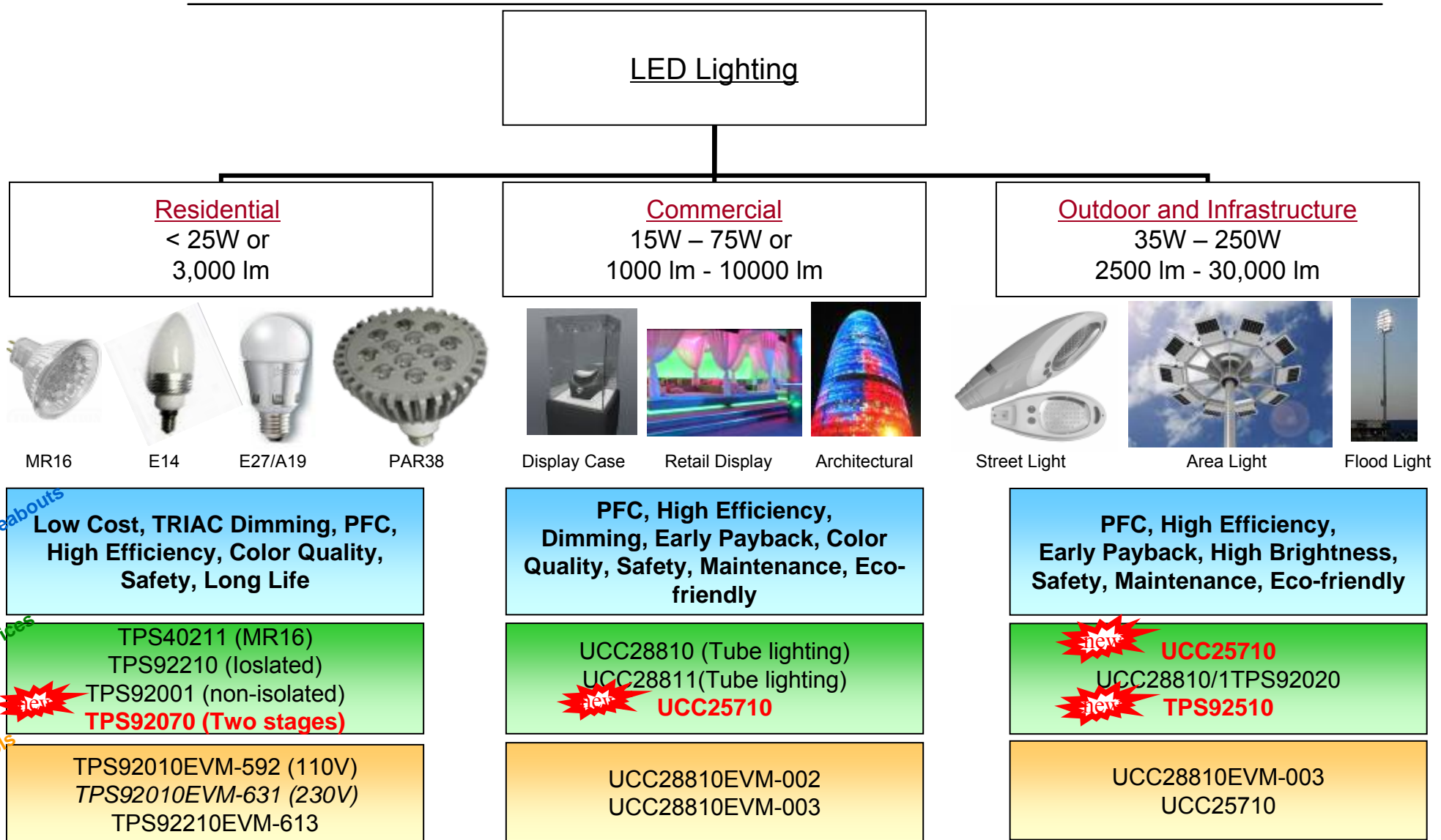


# Innovative LED Lighting Electronic Design

—新型多串半桥谐振高效LED驱动解决方案及其应用

Add Speaker's Name Here

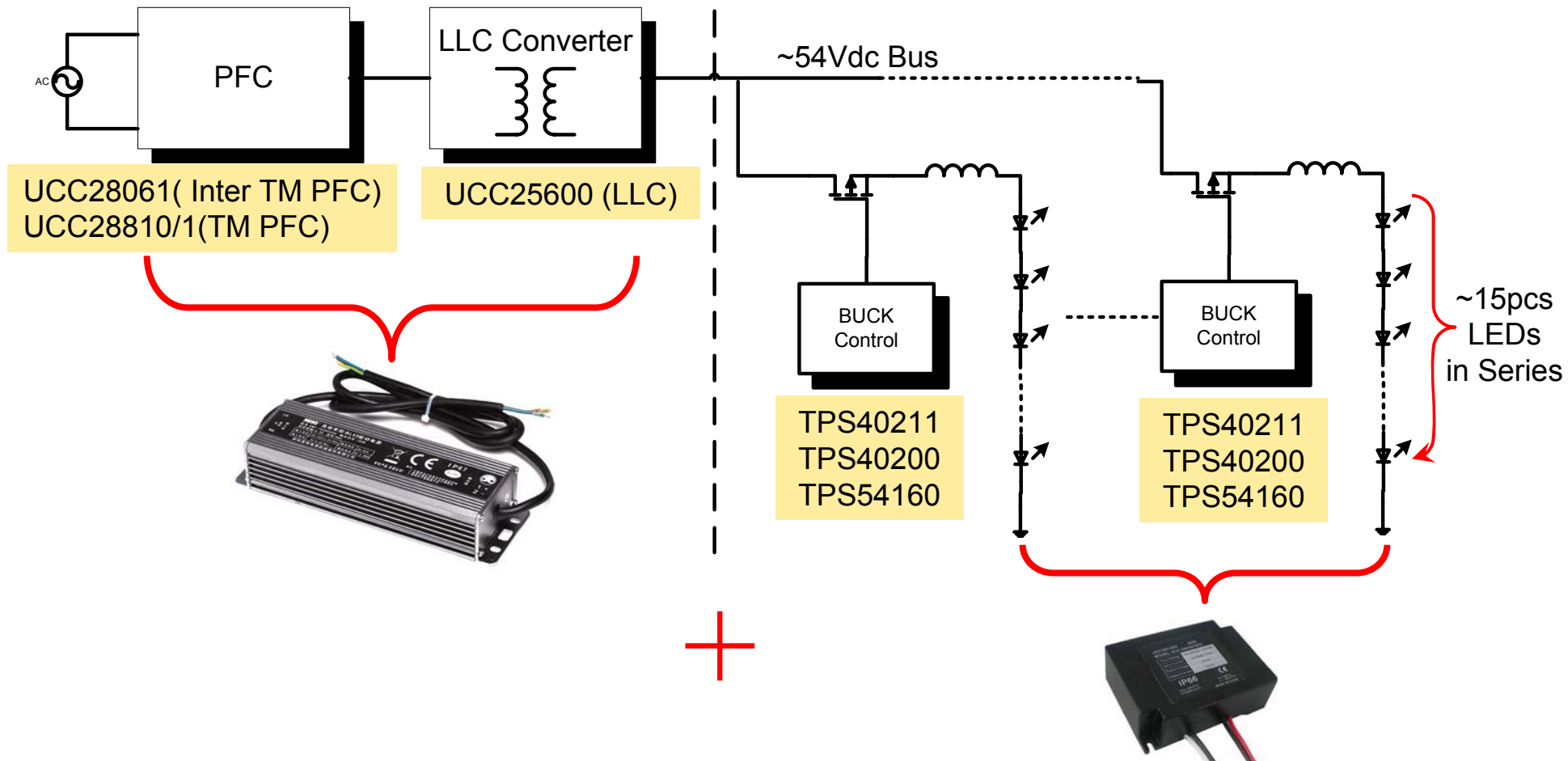
# LED General Illumination



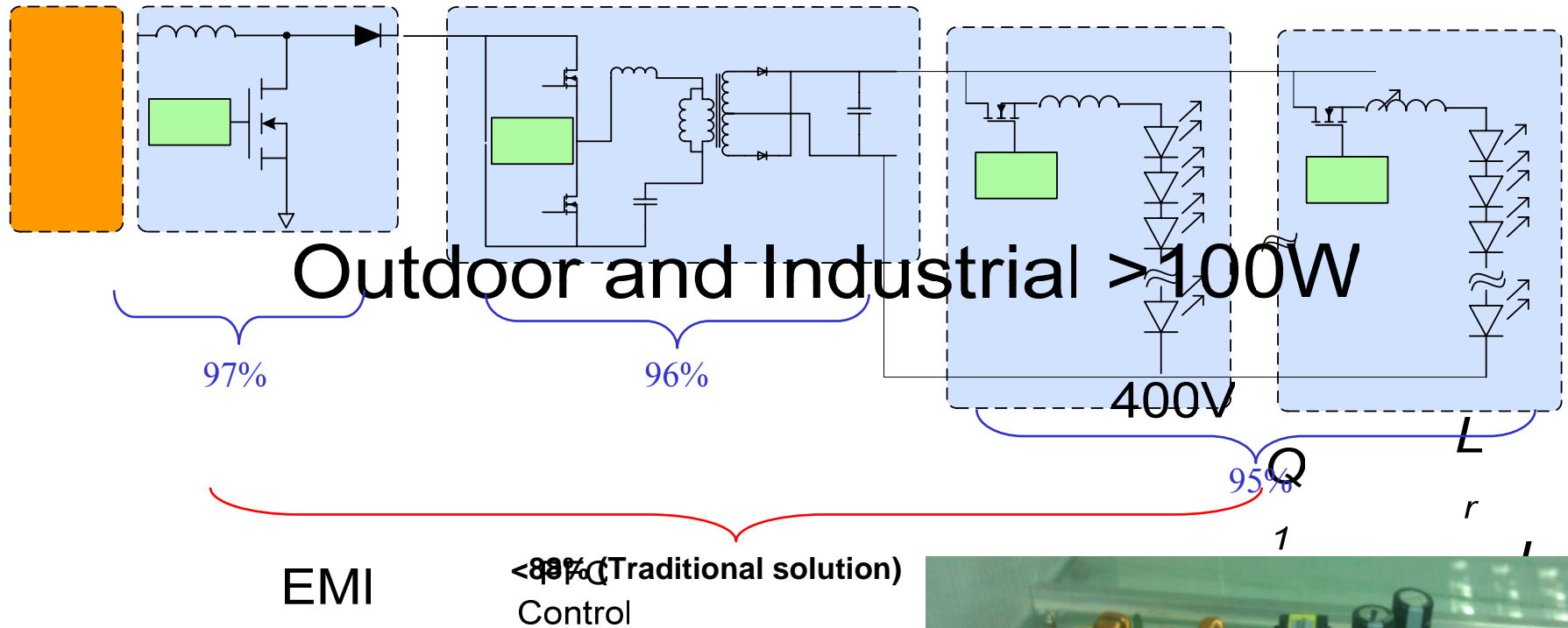
# Typical High Watt (>100W) LED Lighting Driver Topology

## 1. AC/DC Power Stage

## 2. Constant Current Driver Stage



# High Watt (>100W) LED Lighting Efficiency Budget



## Conventional Topology Issues:

- ☹ High cost: PFC+LLC+CC BUCK (multi-chips!!)
- ☹ Low efficiency (<~88%)
- ☹ Low reliability (many components' counts)
- ☹ EMI issues



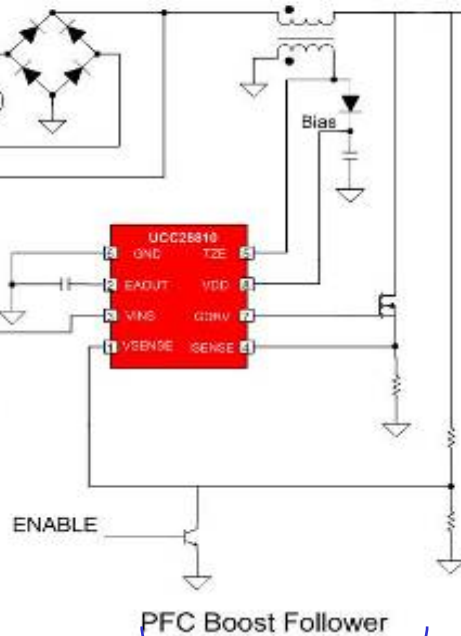


# TI UCC28810EVM-003 - SIMPLiDrive™

Series Input, Multiple Parallel Equivalent LED Drive (SIMPLiDrive)

1<sup>st</sup> stage:

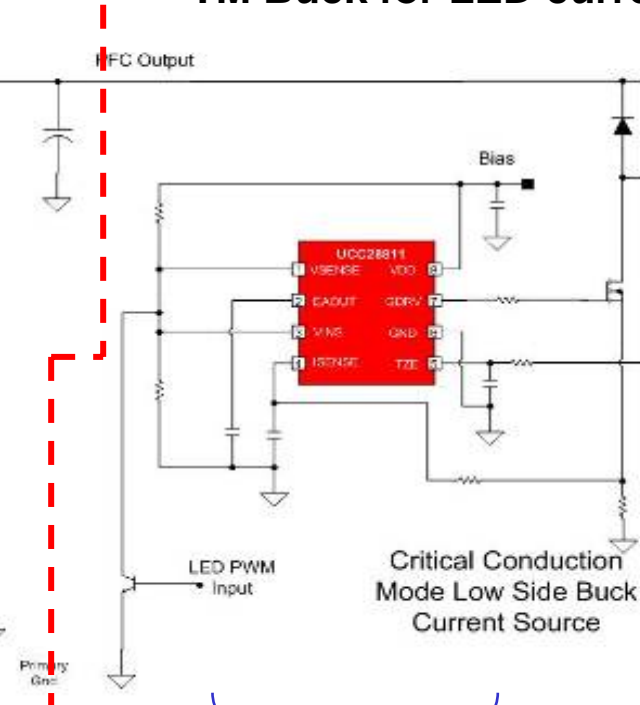
TM Boost for PFC



97%

2<sup>nd</sup> stage:

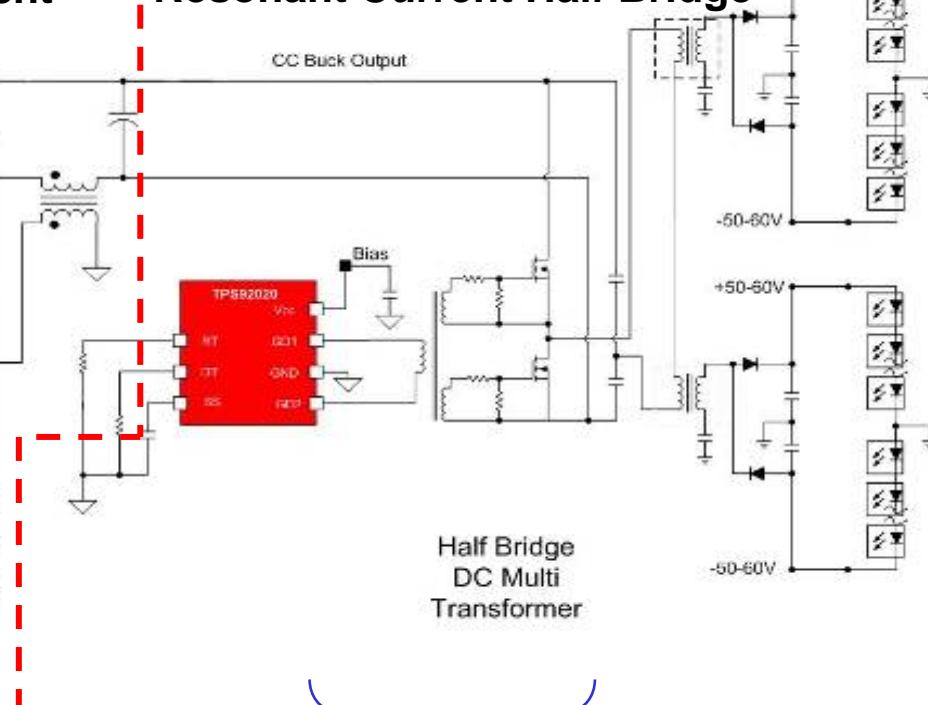
TM Buck for LED current



98%

3<sup>rd</sup> stage:

Resonant Current Half Bridge

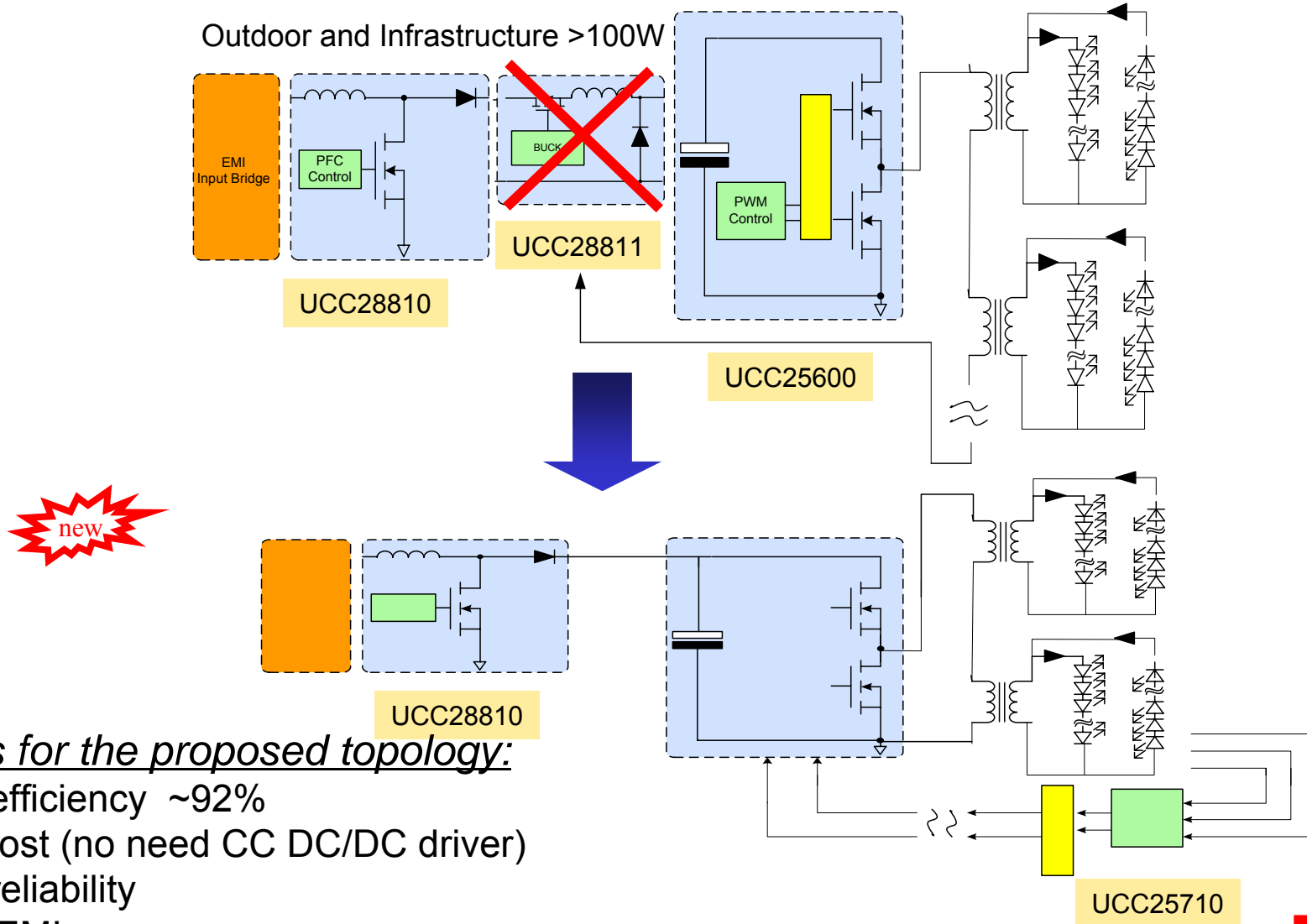


98%

>93% (Three stages multi-string transformer solution)



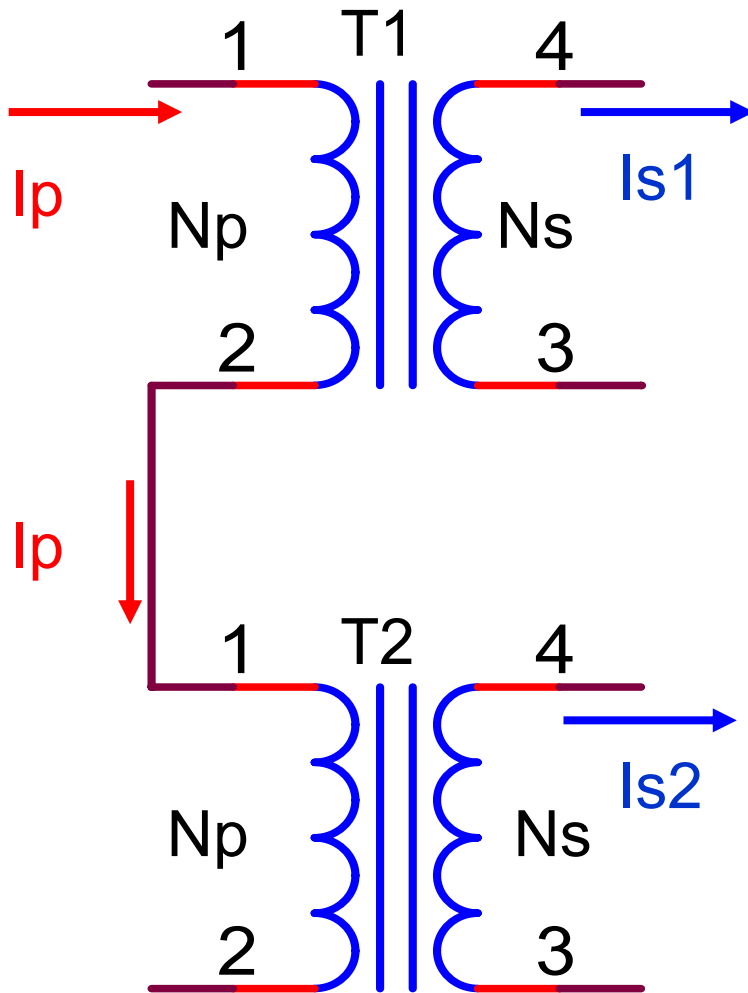
# Innovative two stages multi-string LLC topology for LED lighting



## Benefits for the proposed topology:

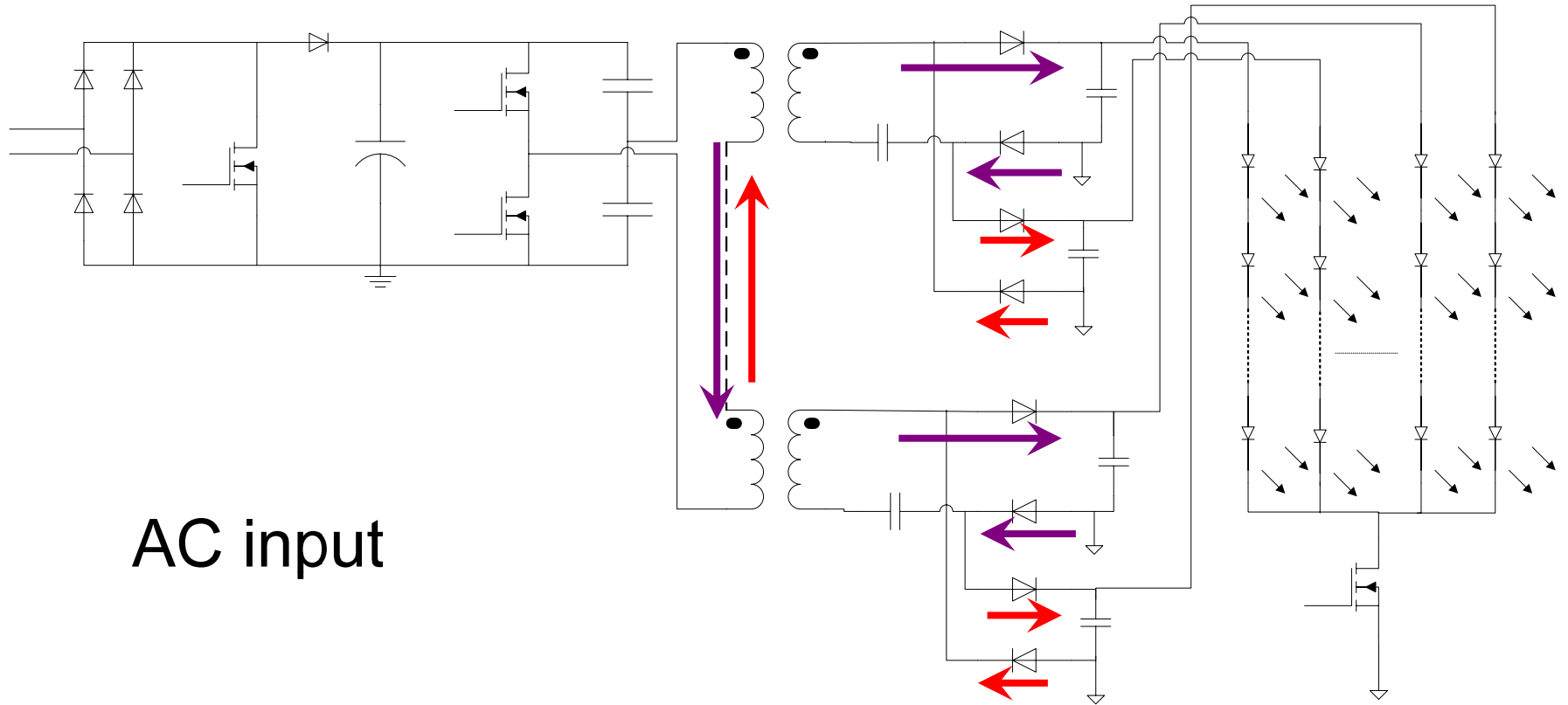
- 😊 High efficiency ~92%
- 😊 Low cost (no need CC DC/DC driver)
- 😊 High reliability
- 😊 Easy EMI
- 😊 PWM or analog dimming compatible

## Why Transformer Can Balance Current



- Transformer current is in reverse proportion to turn ratio
- $I_p/N_p = I_s/N_s$ ;  $I_s = N_s \cdot I_p / N_p$
- When transformer primary is connected together, their primary current must be the same
- When T1 is the same as T2 because of transformer operation principle their secondary current is the same
- $I_{s1} = N_p \cdot I_p / N_s = I_{s2}$

# Multi-Transformer Architecture (TI Patented)



One transformer control two LED strings!



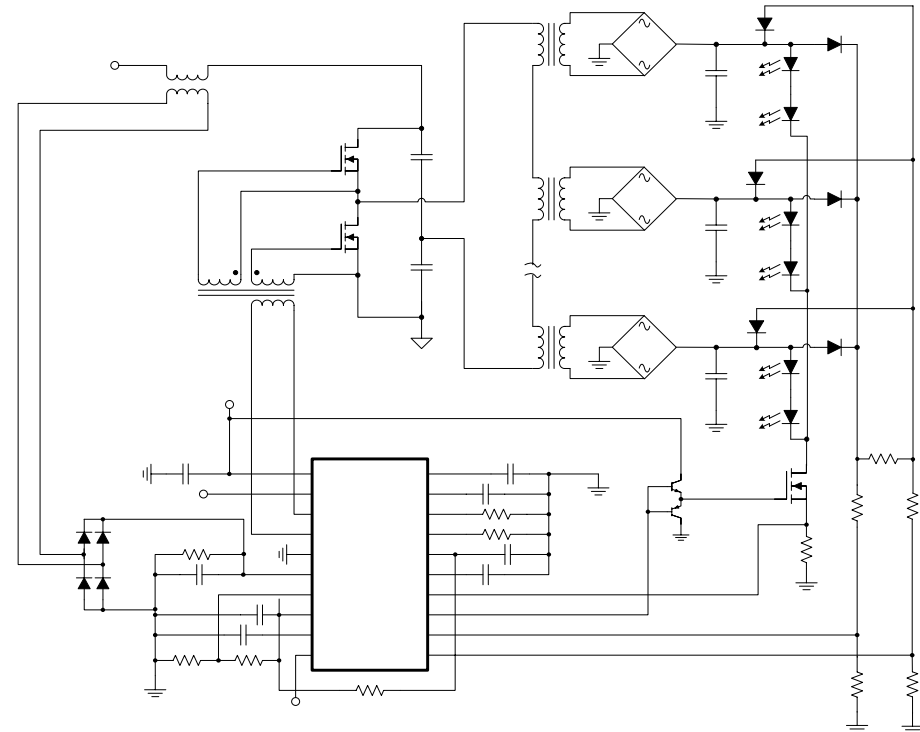
# UCC25710: LED driver Controller IC

## Features

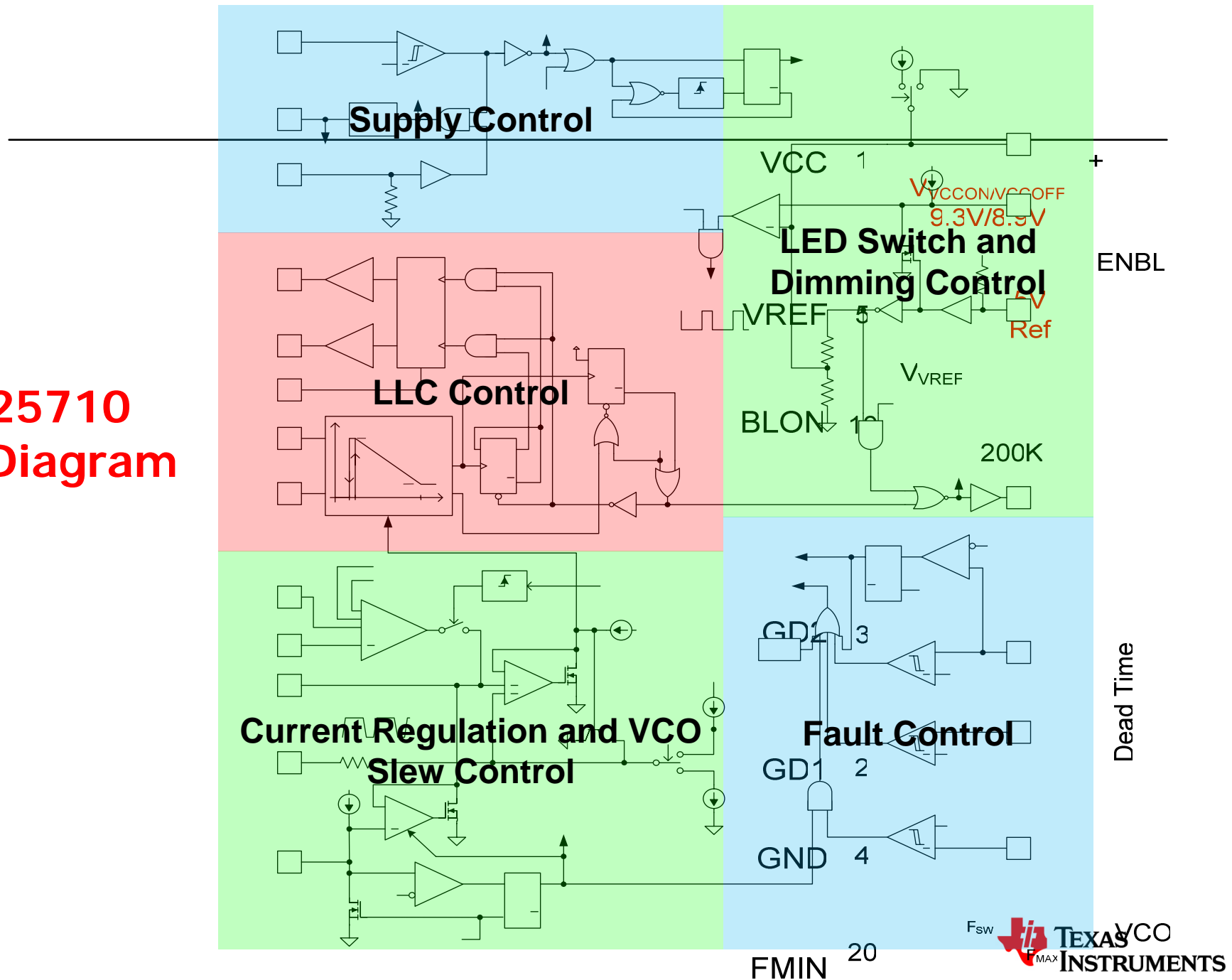
- Industry first single chip LLC controller for driving multiple LED strings directly from PFC output
- Adjustable Fmin (3% accuracy), and Fmax 6% (accuracy)
- Closed Loop LED String Current Control
- PWM Dimming Input
- LLC and Series LED Switch Control for Dimming
- Programmable Dimming LLC ON/OFF Ramp for Elimination of Audible Noise
- Closed Loop Current Control at Low Dimming Duty-Cycles
- Programmable Soft Start
- Accurate VREF for Tight Output Regulation
- Over-voltage and Under-voltage and Input Over-current Protection with Auto-restart Response
- Second Over-current threshold with Latch-off Response
- +400-mA/-800mA Gate Drive Current
- Low Start-Up and Operating Currents
- 20 pin SO Lead (Pb)-Free Package

## Applications

- General LED Lighting
- LED TV Backlighting

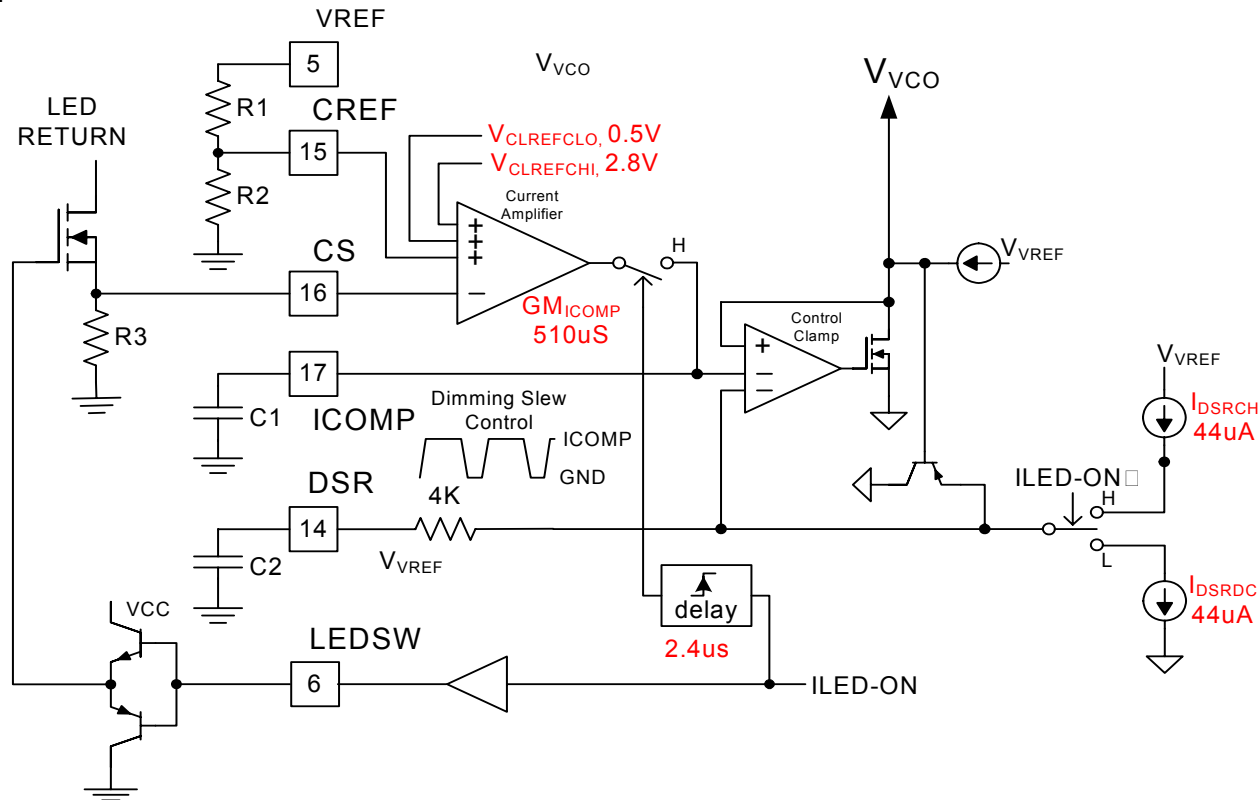


# UCC25710 Block Diagram



# UCC25710: DIMMING – LLC ON/OFF TRANSITION & CURRENT CONTROL

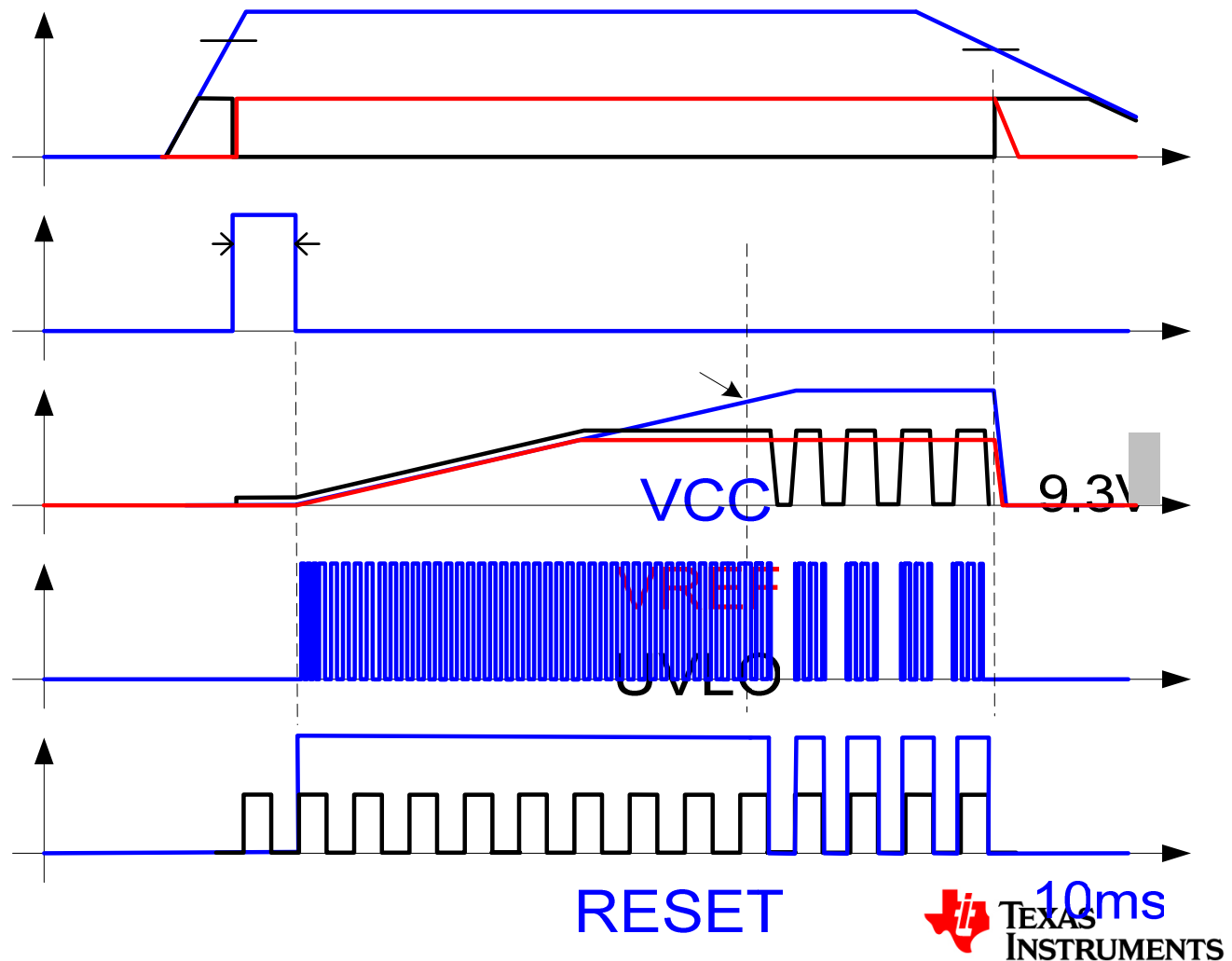
- The DIM input controls the ILED-ON and ILED-ON' signals.
- DSR capacitor C2 and internal 44uA currents control the slew rate of  $V_{VCO}$  during dimming off and on transitions.
  - Turn-off: DSR is discharged to GND by 44uA
  - Turn-on: DSR is charged to ICOMP by 44uA. Charge level is clamped to 1Vbe above ICOMP
- Control Clamp output,  $V_{VCO}$ , tracks the lower of ICOMP and DSR
- ICOMP is only driven by GM amp during LED-ON times.
- During LED-OFF times the ICOMP voltage is held by C1



# UCC25710: START-UP & DIM WAVEFORMS

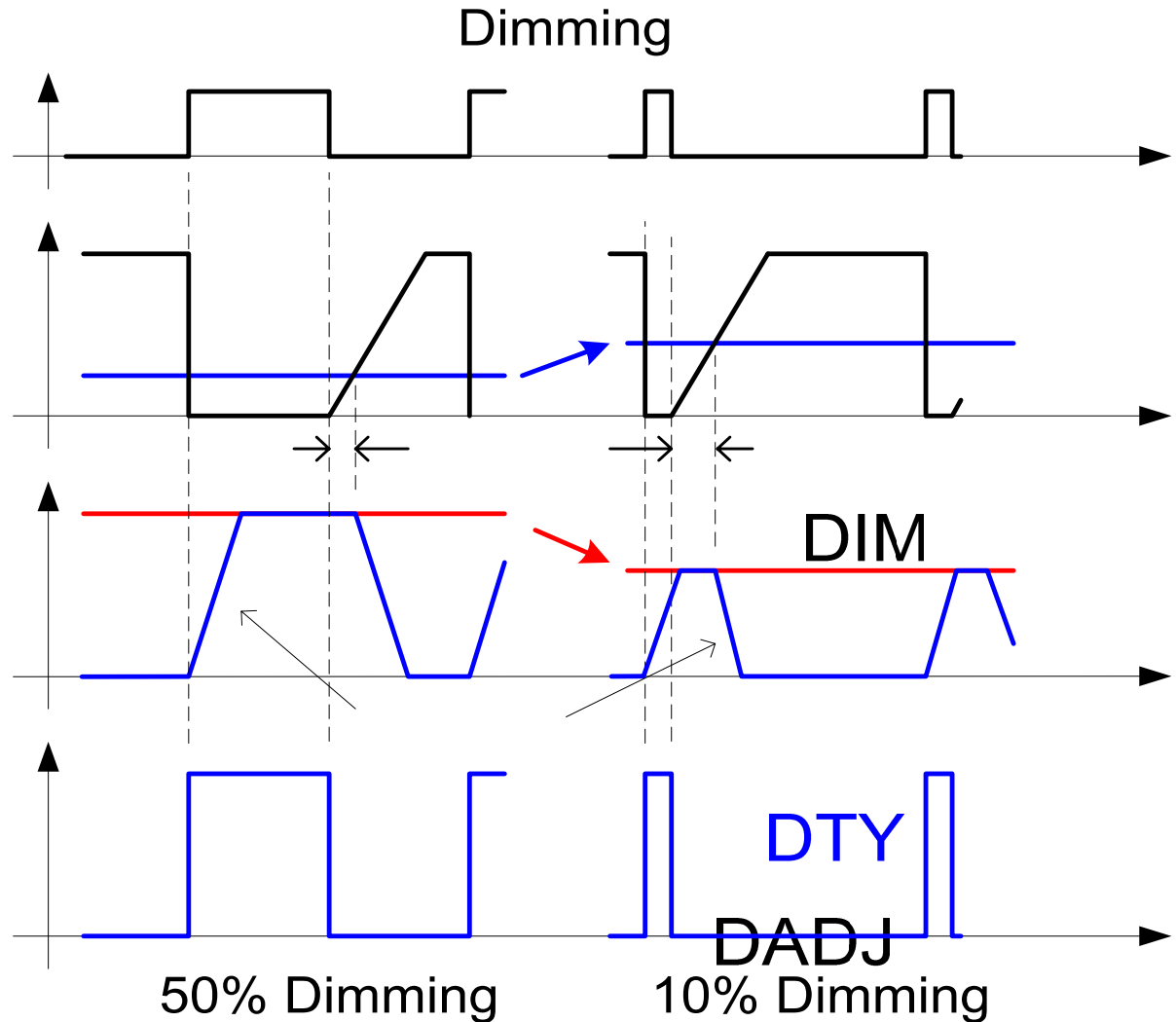
## Start-up and UVLO Shutdown

- 10ms RESET initiates Soft-Start (SS)
- LLC Soft-Start, VCO control is clamped to SS until  $SS > I_{COMP}$
- Dimming is disabled during SS
- DSR cap is used to limit LLC control slew rate during dimming
- $I_{COMP}$  voltage is maintained during dimming



# UCC25710: DIMMING – WAVEFORMS

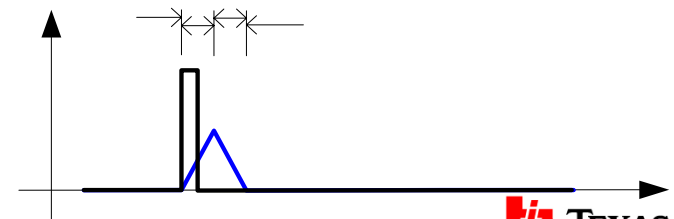
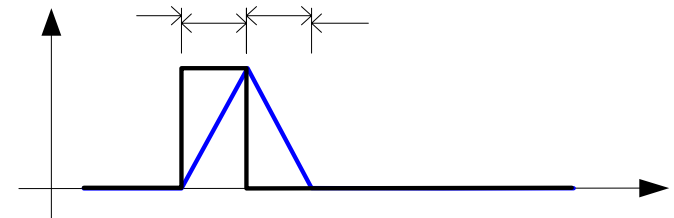
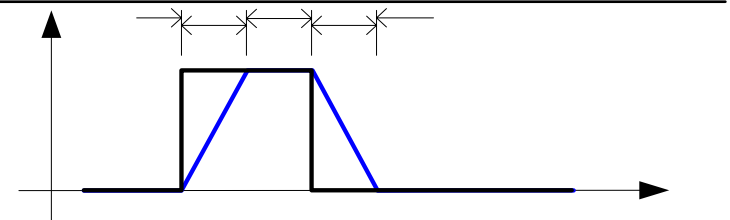
- DIM input controls LEDSW
- DIM input triggers soft turn-on and turn-off of LLC converter
- LLC on-time is extended
- On-time extension is proportional to  $1-D$ ,  $D$  is dimming duty-cycle
- Extended on-time allows ICOMP to maintain current regulation at low  $D$





## UCC25710: LOW DUTY-CYCLE ILLUSTRATION

1. LLC reaches power level equal to pedestal LED current in region B. Power is under delivered in region A, but is compensated for in region C
2. Region B is zero, but sum of A+C still deliveries correct energy.
3. Energy delivered in region A + C is too low, loop is open and realized peak LED current will drop
4. On-time is extended. A + C energy/pulse is correct to maintain same peak LED current



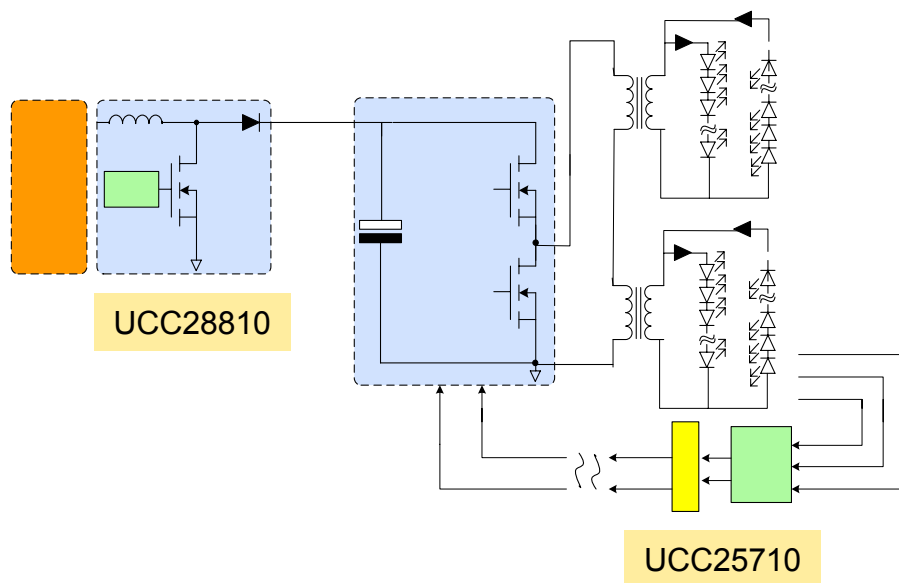
# UCC25710: FAULT MANAGEMENT

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- Faults
  - OV – highest LED string voltage
  - UV – lowest LED string voltage
  - CL(1V) – input current signal over-current
  - CL(2V) – input current signal latch-off
  - TSD – Chip thermal shutdown
- Response
  - OV, CL(1V) & TSD: The LLC converter and LEDSW are turned off. When the fault clears a RESET and SS are initiated.
  - UV: The LLC converter and LEDSW are turned off. A RESET and SS are immediately initiated, repeatedly, until fault clears.
  - CL(2V): The LLC and LEDSW are latched off until UVLO recycles.
  - During RESET the LLC converter and LEDSW are OFF
  - During SS the LLC converter and LEDSW are ON, i.e. no DIMMING

# PMP4302A: Multi-string LLC AC/DC Driver for general LED lighting

Reference Design	TI Parts	V <sub>in</sub>	Output	Topology	Eff.	Dimming
<b>PMP4302A:</b> <u>AC input Multi-string LLC converter for general LED lighting</u>	UCC28810 ( <i>TM PFC</i> ) UCC25710 ( <i>Multi-string LLC</i> ) UCC28610 ( <i>Aux Flyback</i> )	90V~2 64V	54V@500mA with 4 string	TM PFC+Multi- string LLC converter	92%	PWM dimming



## Features

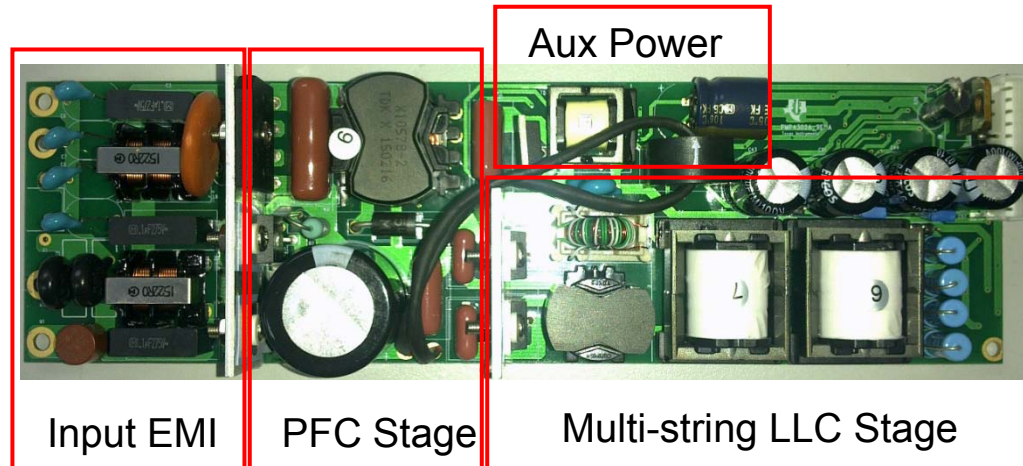
- Lowest cost than AC/DC + DC/DC
- Highest efficiency to 92%
- PWM dimming compatible
- Integrate LED open/short protection and over current protection

## Applications

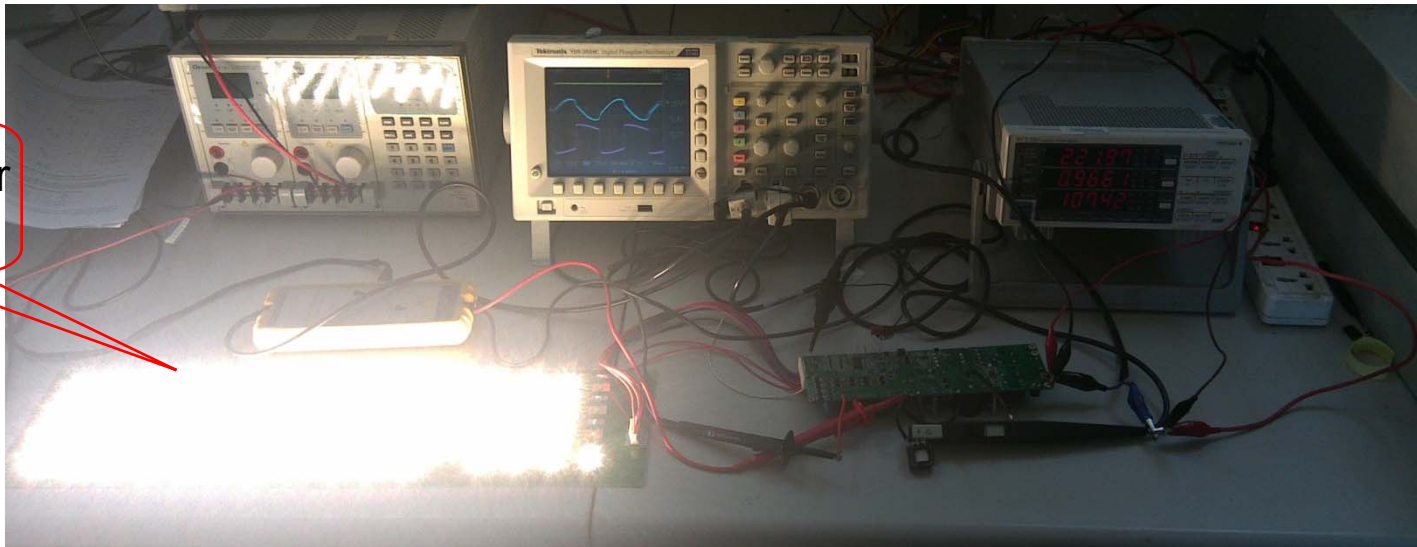
- General LED lighting and LED backlight TV



# PMP4302A demo board

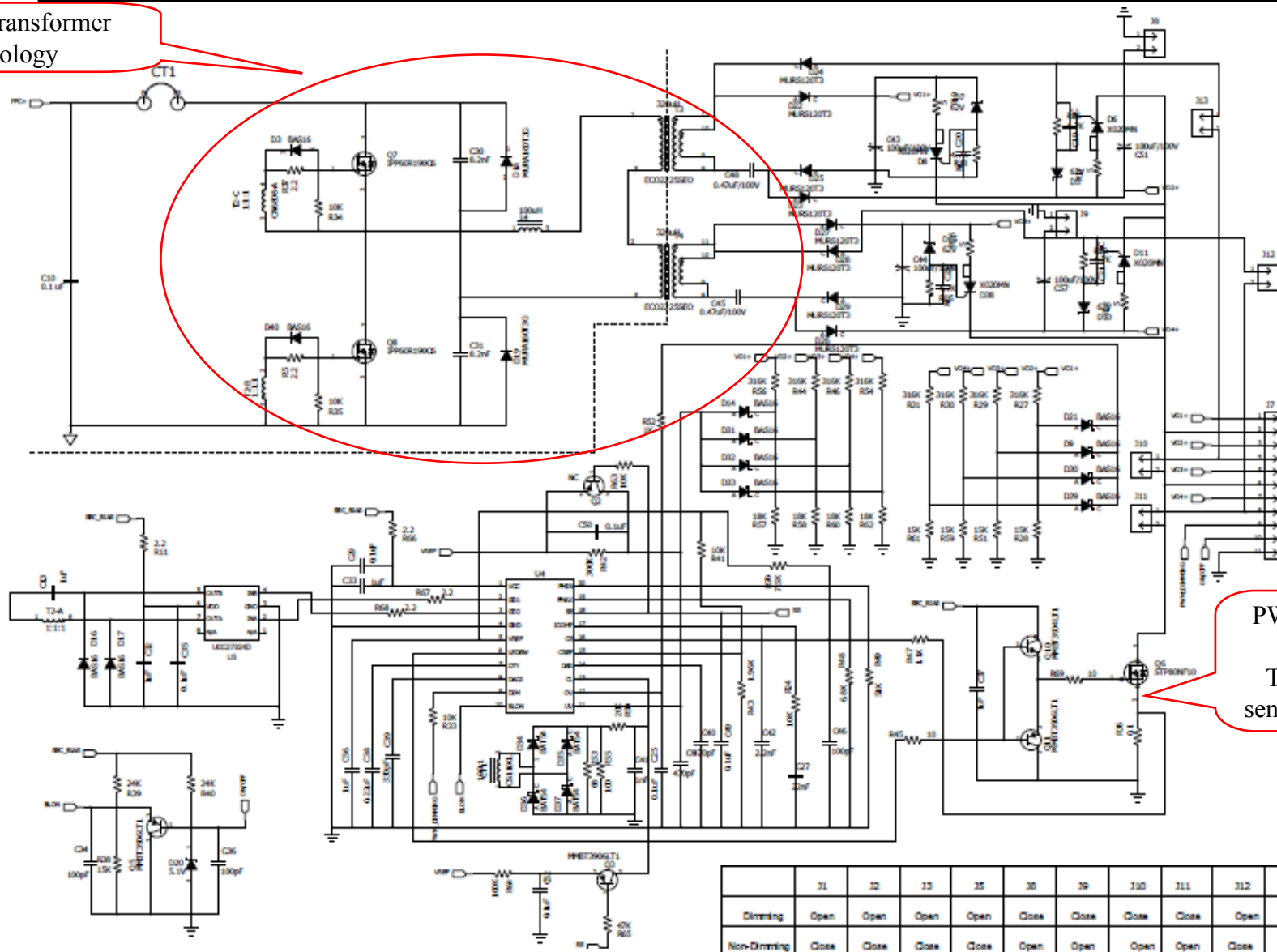


LED light bar  
4x15LEDs



# PMP4302: Schematics for UCC25710 after PFC stage

Multi-string transformer  
LLC topology



PWM dimming  
&  
Total current  
sensing feedback

	11	12	13	15	16	19	110	111	112	113	R44 R54 R55 R52
Dimming	Open	Open	Open	Open	Close	Close	Close	Close	Open	Open	
Non-Dimming	Close	Close	Close	Close	Open	Open	Open	Open	Close	Close	Open

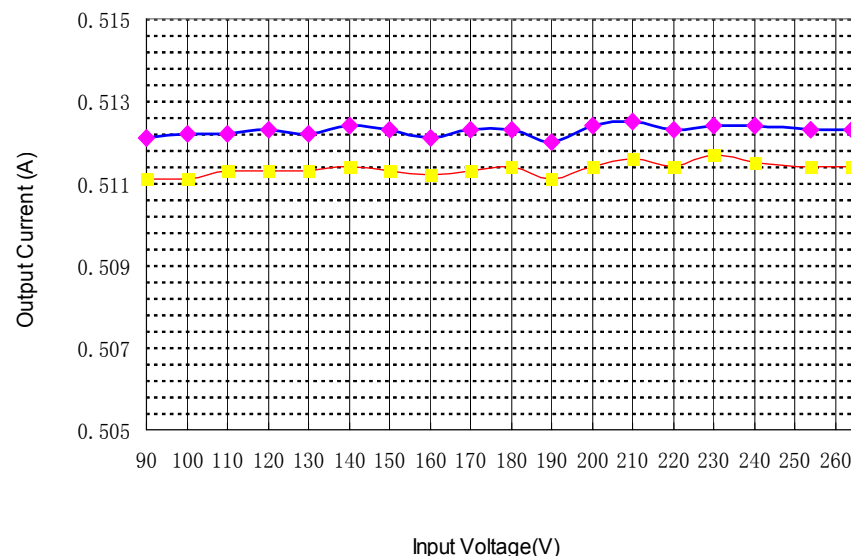


# PMP4302A: LED current output tolerance

230V ac input

PWM Dimming	Io1	Io2	Io3	Io4	%
1%	4.9	4.8	5	5.1	3.030
2%	10	9.8	10.4	10.3	2.962
5%	25.2	24.1	25.2	25.1	2.208
10%	50.4	49.7	51.5	51.3	1.774
20%	100.9	100.1	102.7	102.5	1.280
30%	151.4	150.4	154.1	153.6	1.214
40%	201.9	200.9	205.1	204.9	1.033
50%	252.4	251.1	256.4	255.8	1.043
60%	302.9	301.4	307.7	307	1.033
70%	353.5	351.8	358.6	357.8	0.956
80%	403.9	402.2	409.7	408.8	0.923
90%	454.3	452.2	461.1	460.1	0.973
99%	499.3	496.7	507.2	506.2	1.045
100%	503.9	501.4	512.4	511.7	1.084

LED output current Vs Input voltage  
w/ 100% dimming

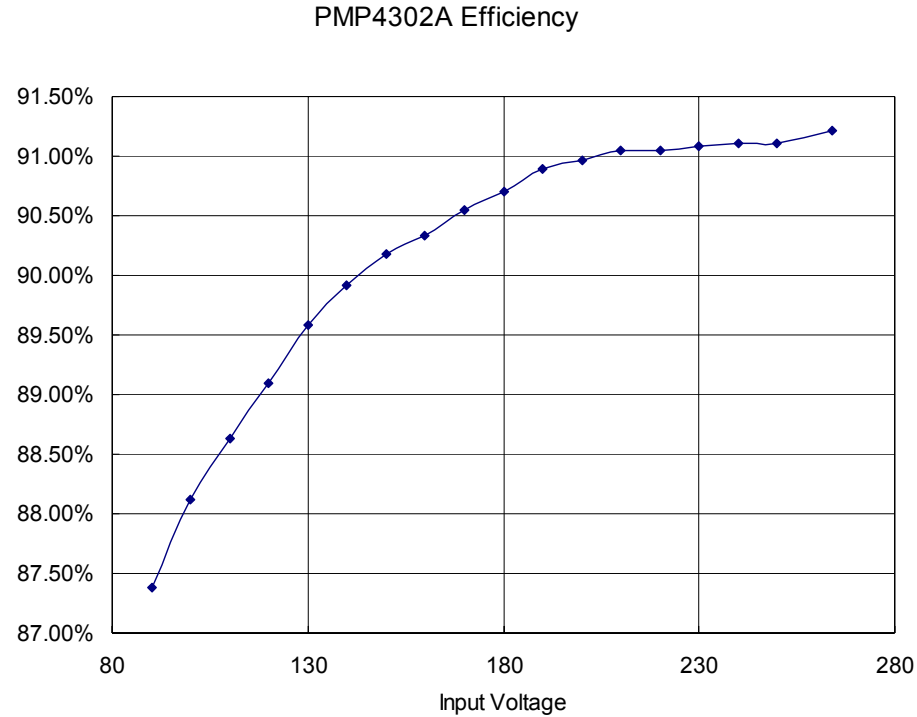


*Current tolerance can achieve  
<+-3% with dimming range from  
1% to 100%*

# PMP4302A: Efficiency

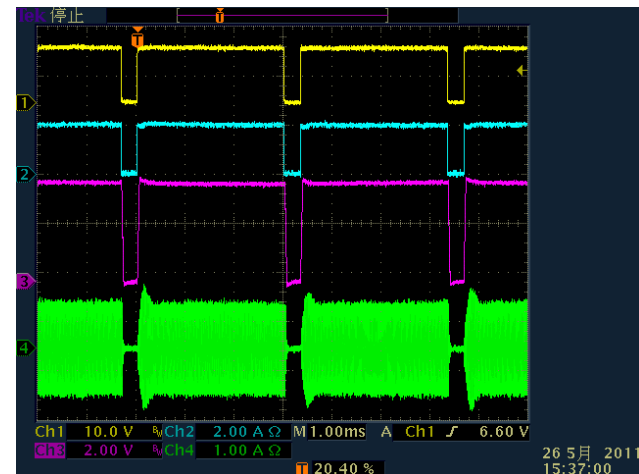
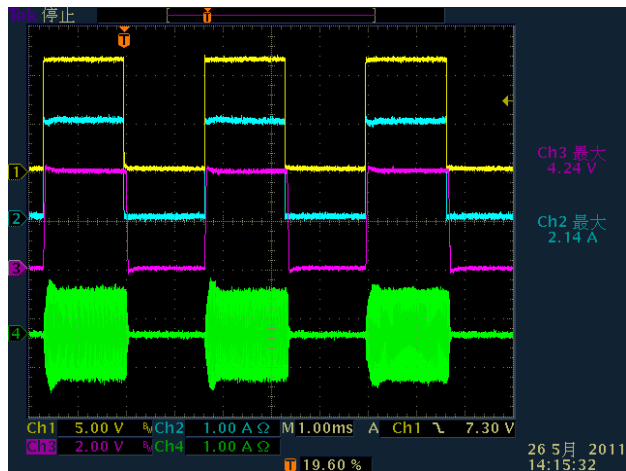
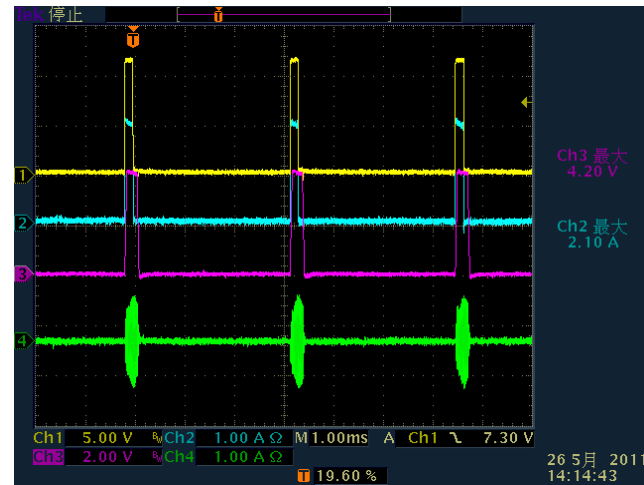
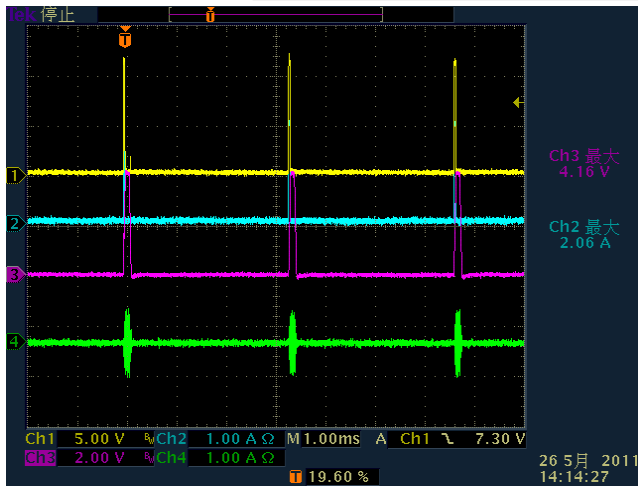
(TM PFC + Multi-transformer LLC + Aux power)

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Dimming version

# PMP4302: waveforms



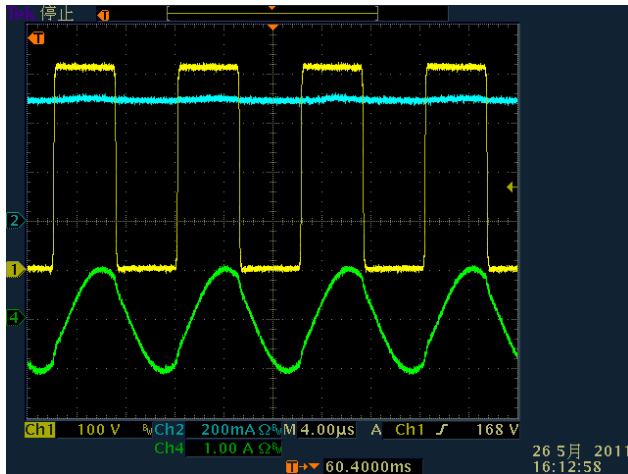
CH1: LEDSW  
MOSFET Vgs  
5V/Div

CH2: LED Output  
Current 1A/Div

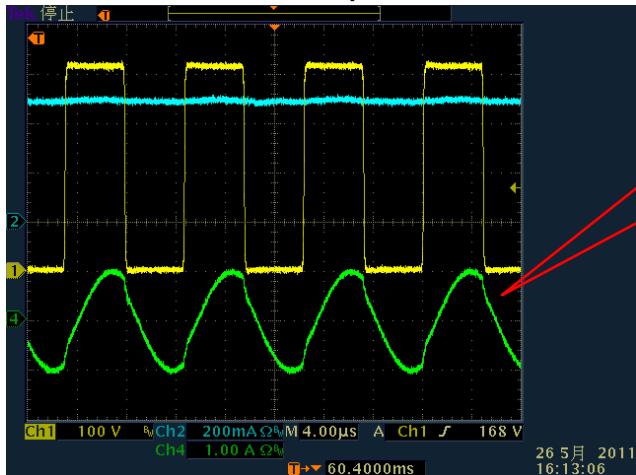
CH3: DSR 2V/Div

CH4: Primary  
Current 1A/Div

# PMP4302: waveforms

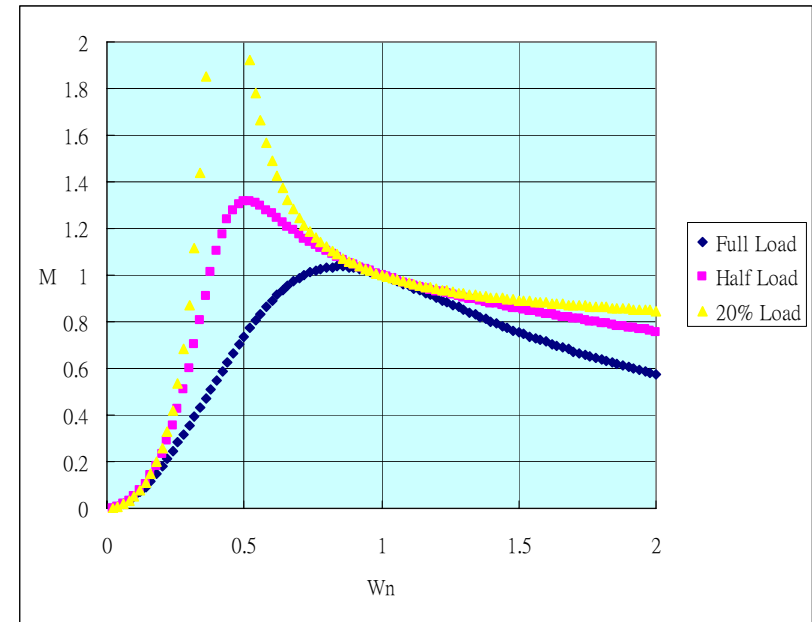


90Vac input



230Vac input

CCM to get  
better current  
tolerance



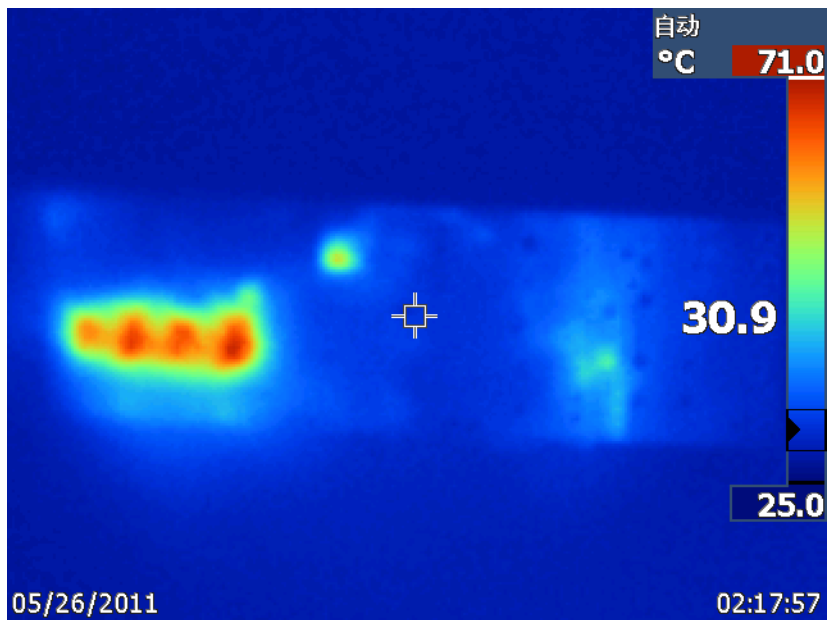
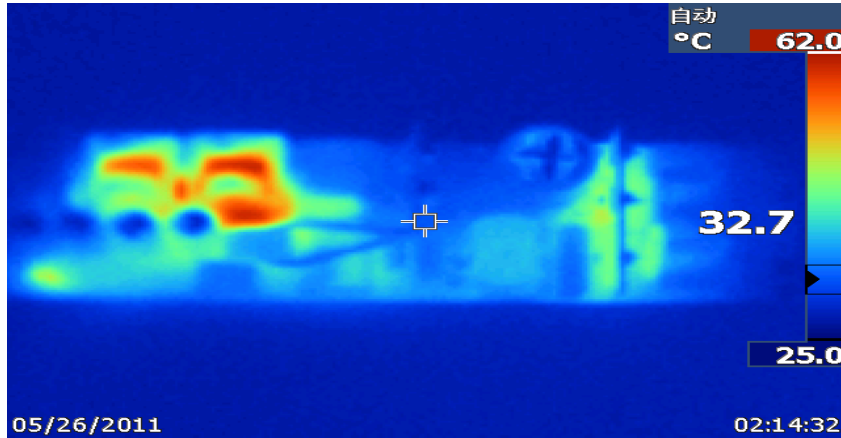
$L_m/L_k=6$   
 $F_s=100\text{KHz}$   
 $Q=0.7$



$L_{m1}+L_{m2}=640\mu\text{H}$   
 $L_r=100\mu\text{H}$   
 $C_r=30\text{nF}$

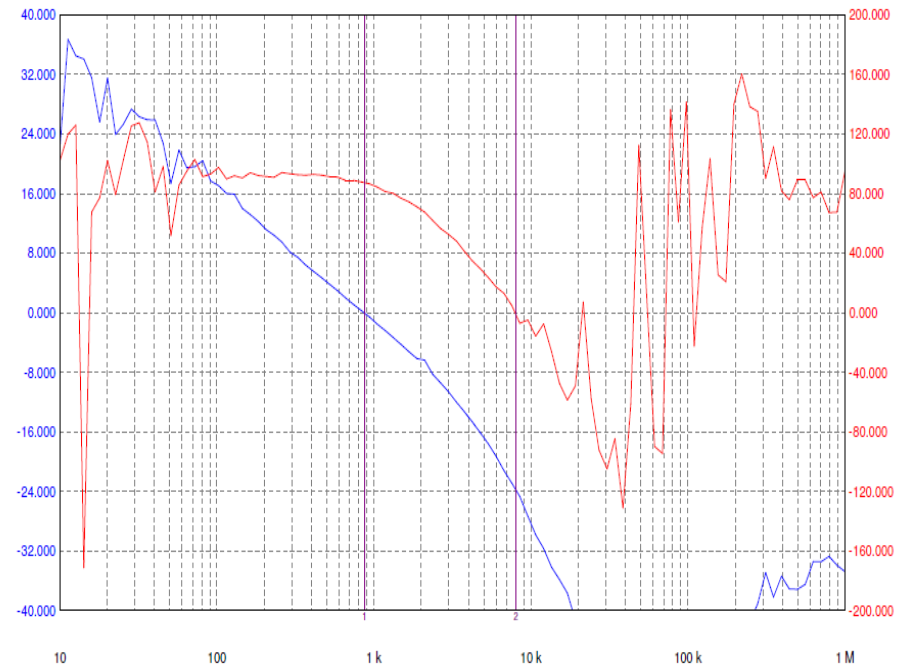
CH1: Primary MOSFET Vds 100V/Div  
CH2: LED Output Current 200mA/Div  
CH4: Primary Current 1A/Div

# PMP4302: Thermal and Bode Plot



Mag [B/A] (dB)

Phase [B-A] (deg)

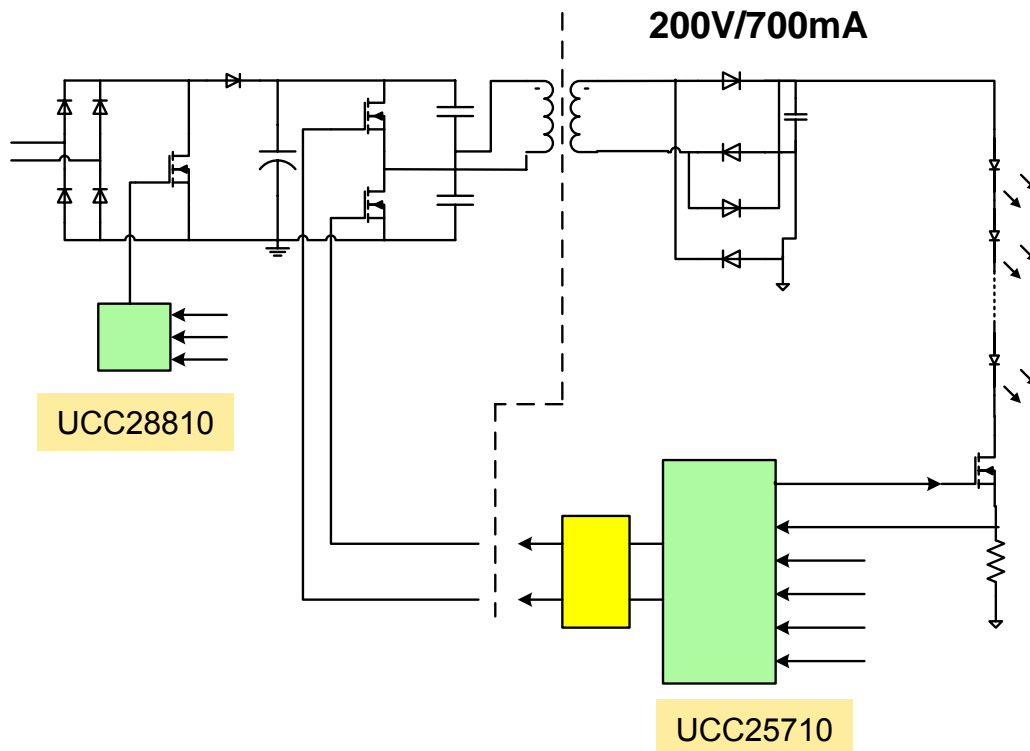


Frequency	M1	M2	M2 - M1
	871.72 Hz	7.99 kHz	7.12 kHz
Magnitude	-0.048 dB	-23.740 dB	-23.693 dB
Phase	87.264 deg	-0.838 deg	-88.102 deg



# PMP4317: Single-string LLC AC/DC Driver for general LED lighting

Reference Design	TI Parts	V <sub>in</sub>	Output	Topology	Eff.	Dimming
<b>PMP4317:</b> <u>AC input single-string LLC converter for general LED lighting</u>	UCC28810 <i>(TM PFC)</i> UCC25710 <i>(Multi-string LLC)</i> UCC28610 <i>(Aux Flyback)</i>	90V~2 64V	200V@700mA	TM PFC+single string LLC resonant converter	95%	PWM dimming with CC2530 daughter board Or 0~10V analog dimming

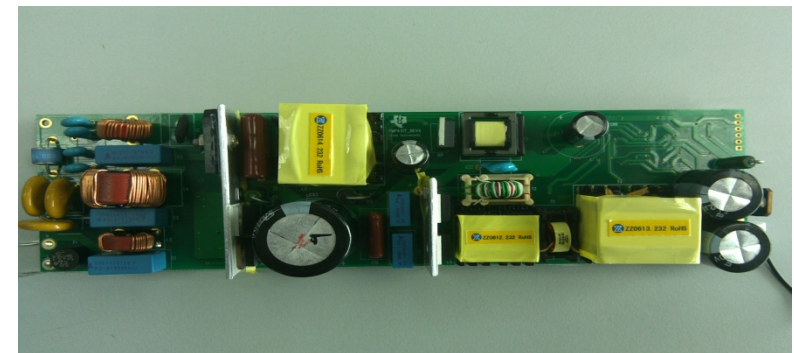


## Features

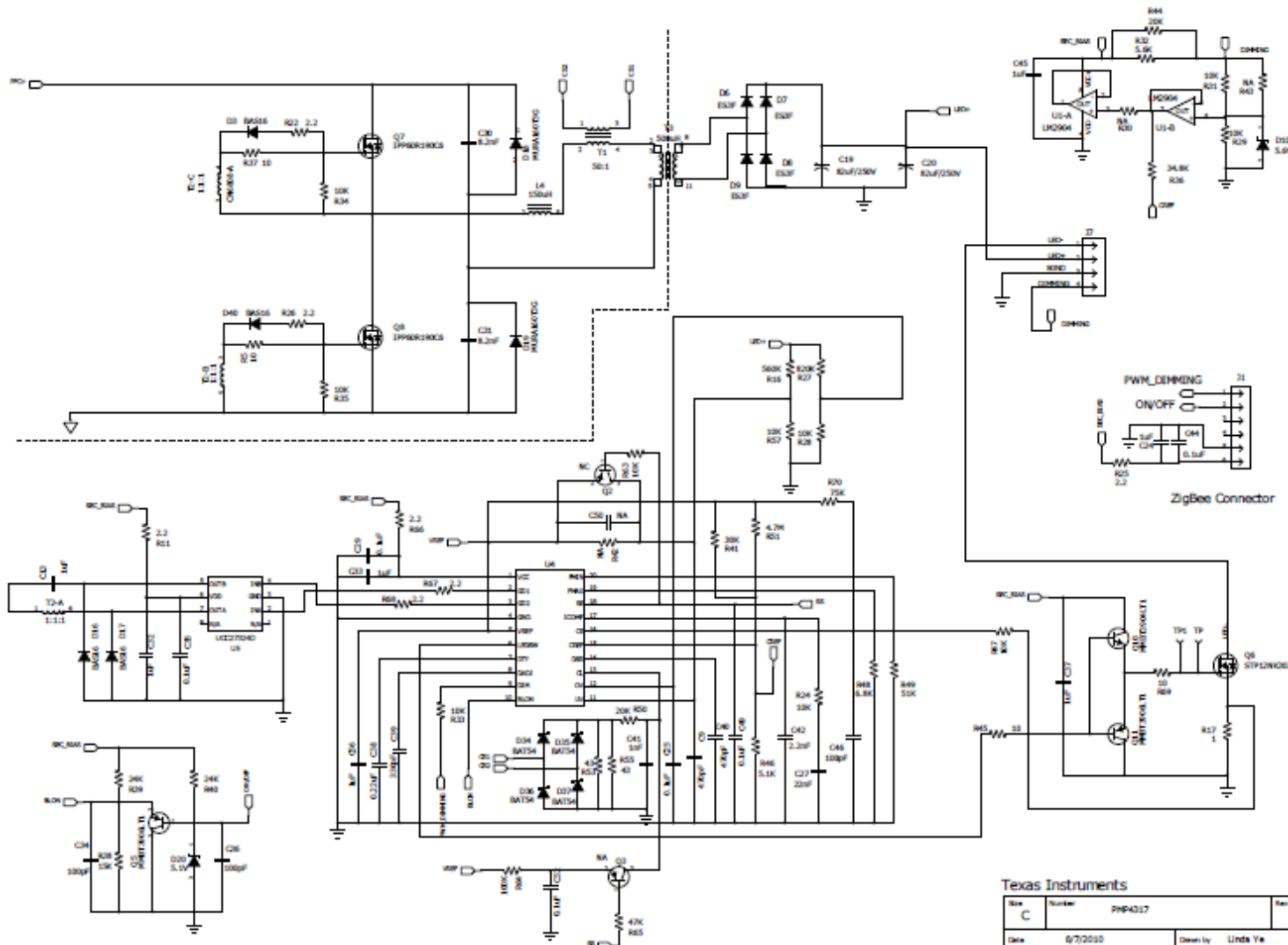
- Lowest cost
- Highest efficiency to 95%
- PWM and analog dimming compatible
- Integrate LED open/short protection and over current protection

## Applications

- General LED lighting and LED backlight TV



# PMP4317: Single String Architecture



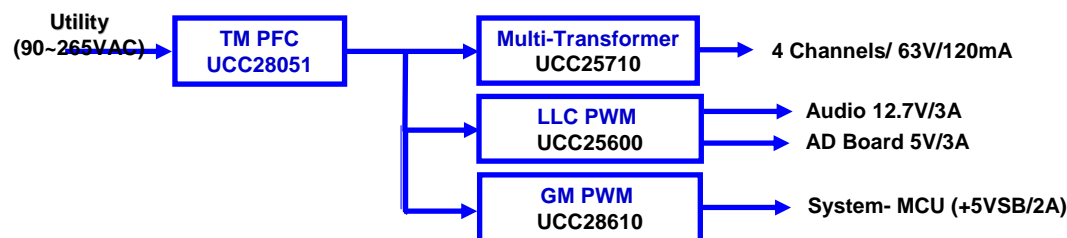
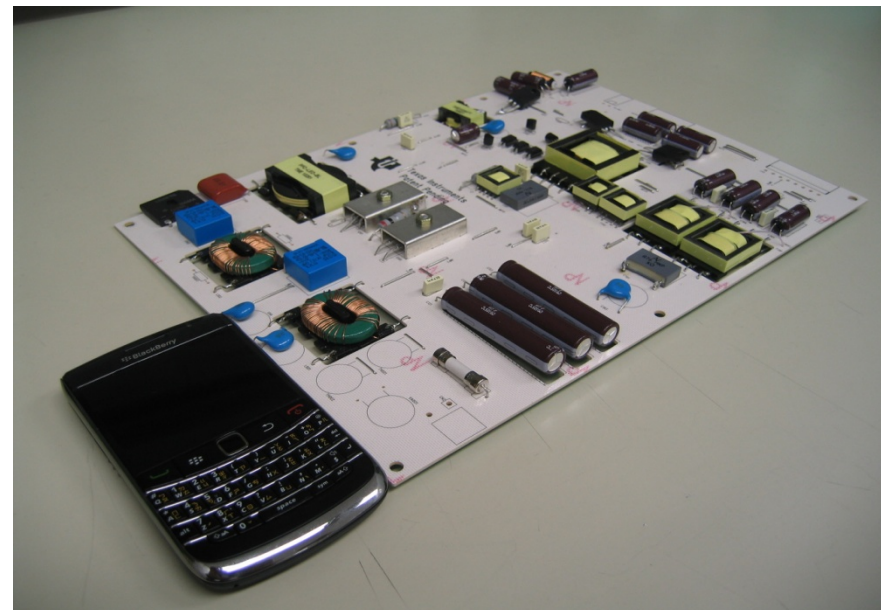
Texas Instruments

Rev	Number	Rev
C	PMP4317	A
Date	6/7/2010	Drawn by
		Uda Yu

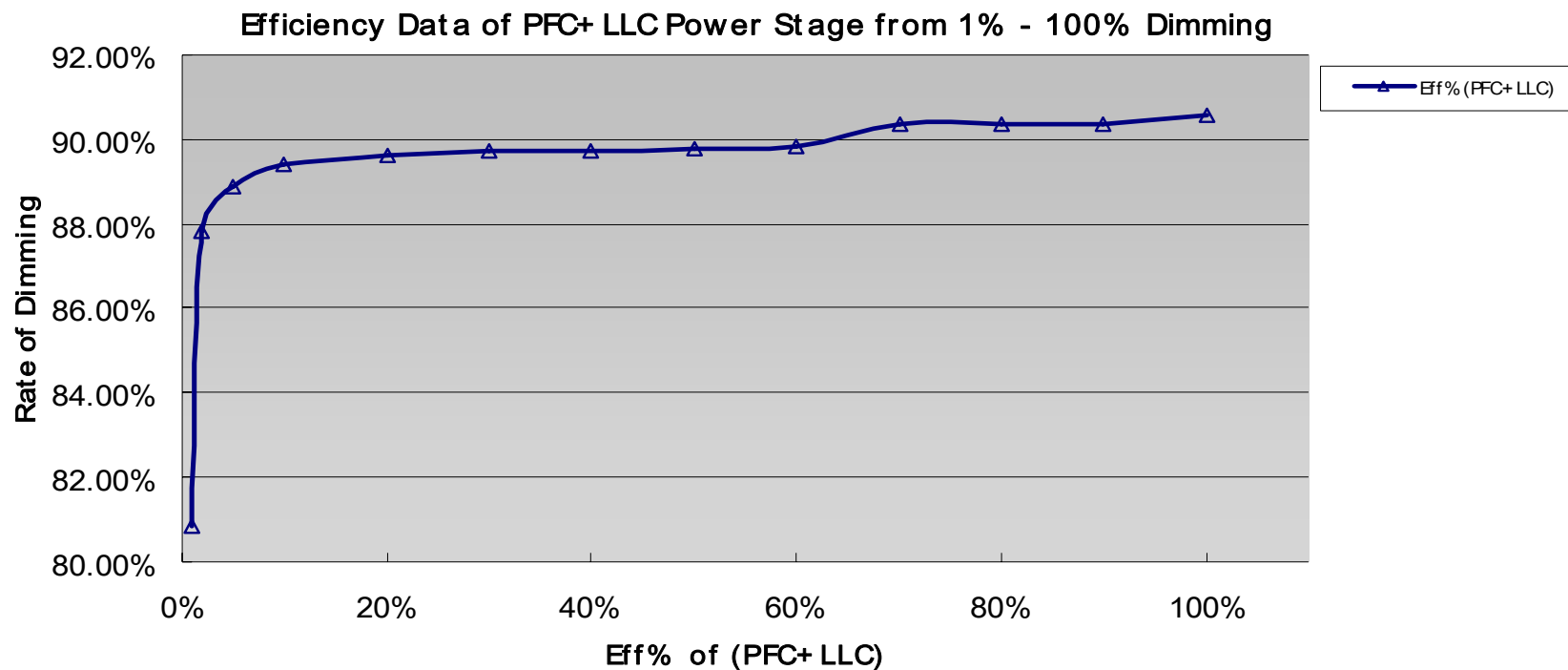
# PMP6251: LED Backlighting for Edge-Lite/ Group Dimming Digital TV Application

## Reference design Features

- Support to universal 90~264Vac range
- LED 4 outputs @120mA, 63V, 5Vsb@1A, 5V@3A, 13V@3A
- Eff 83.7%@110Vac, 85.2%@240Vac
- Secondary side 120Hz blanking control for dimming
- 8mm height and 6mm height for LED magnetic component
- Board dimension 300mm(L) \* 200mm(W) \* 8mm(H)
- LED output common + and LED OVP and UVP
- Integrated the protection ckt to reduce the solution part count.
- Dedicated controller for edge-lit/ group dimming base on the LLC topology – **UCC25710**
- Providing design package – Schematic, Gerbo file, PCB file, Magnetic components...



# PMP6251: PFC+ Multi-string LLC Efficiency



Efficiency exclude standby Power Converter at full load condition ~ 90%

# Summary

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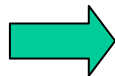
- *UCC25710 with multi-transformer LLC topology can achieve:*
  - 😊 High efficiency
  - 😊 Low total BOM cost with high reliability
  - 😊 PWM or analog dimming compatible
  - 😊 Output LED strings open/short protection
  - 😊 Input over current protection
  - 😊 Support 1%~100% dimming range
  - 😊 Easy EMI



# TI LED Driver Reference Design Solution

Reference Design	TI Parts	Application	P <sub>out</sub>	V <sub>in</sub>	Output
<b>PMP6300</b> : 12Vac input MR-16 LED (SEPIC) Reference Design	TPS40211	MR16	3W	12Vac	11V 350mA
<b>PMP4301</b> : AC input, <b>T10/T8</b> LED Driver for Fluorescent Lamp	UCC28810 TL103	Commercial Tube Lighting	19 W	90-264 V <sub>ac</sub>	40V 450 mA
<b>PMP4304A</b> : AC input, 7W TRIAC dimming LED lighting Driver	TPS92210	PAR lighting w/ TRIAC	7 W	90-264 V <sub>ac</sub>	16V~25V 350 mA
<b>PMP4306</b> : AC Input 150W single stage AC/DC Power supply for Street LED lighting	UCC28061	Street LED lighting for outdoor	150W	90-264 V <sub>ac</sub>	54V 3A
<b>PMP4288</b> : AC Input 200W AC/DC Power supply for Street LED lighting	UCC28061 UCC25600	Street LED lighting for outdoor	200 W	90-264 V <sub>ac</sub>	54V 3.7A
<b>PMP4302A</b> : AC Input 110W AC/DC Power supply for Street LED lighting with multistring LLC	UCC28810 UCC25710	Street LED lighting	110W	90-264 V <sub>ac</sub>	54V 500mA x4

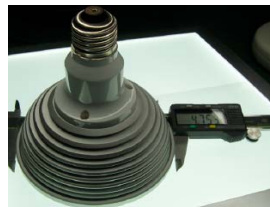
**MR16:**  
**PMP6300**



**Commercial:**  
**PMP4301/A/B**



**Residential:**  
**PMP4304**



**Outdoor:**  
**PMP4302A**

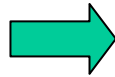
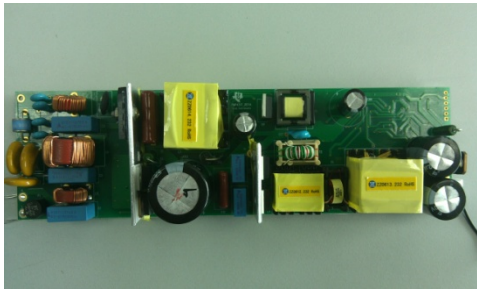


Visit [www.ti.com/led](http://www.ti.com/led) for more LED driver reference designs

# TI LED Driver Reference Design Solution (cont')

Reference Design	TI Parts	Application	P <sub>out</sub>	V <sub>in</sub>	Output
<b>PMP4317:</b> AC Input 150W AC/DC Power supply for Street LED lighting with single string LLC and high voltage output	UCC28810 UCC25710 UCC28610	Street LED lighting	150W	90-264 V <sub>ac</sub>	200V 700mA

Outdoor:  
PMP4317



# PMP4301: T10/T8 AC/DC LED Driver for Fluorescent Lamp

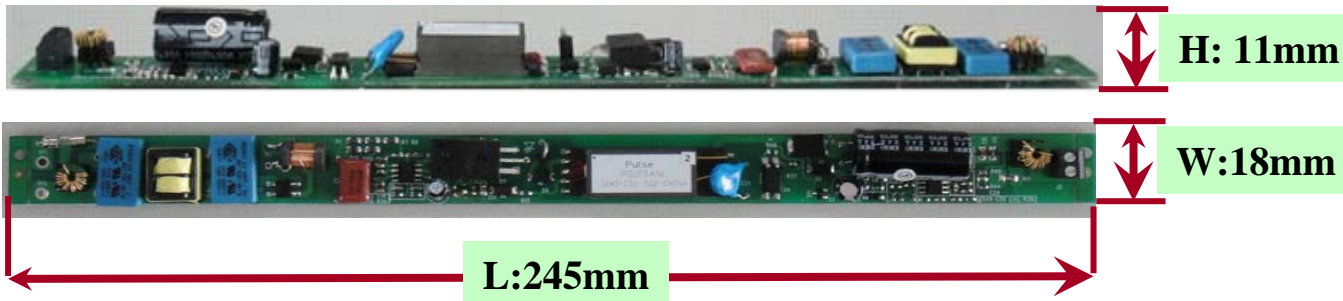
Reference Design	TI Parts	$V_{in}$	$P_o$	$V_o$ $I_o$	Topology	Dimming	Eff.	PF
<b>AC Input T8 AC/DC LED Lighting Driver for fluorescent lamp</b>	UCC28810	90~264 Vac	20W	30V~42V 450mA	Isolated single Stage high PF Flyback with Transition Mode	PWM dimming	>87%	>0.97

## Features

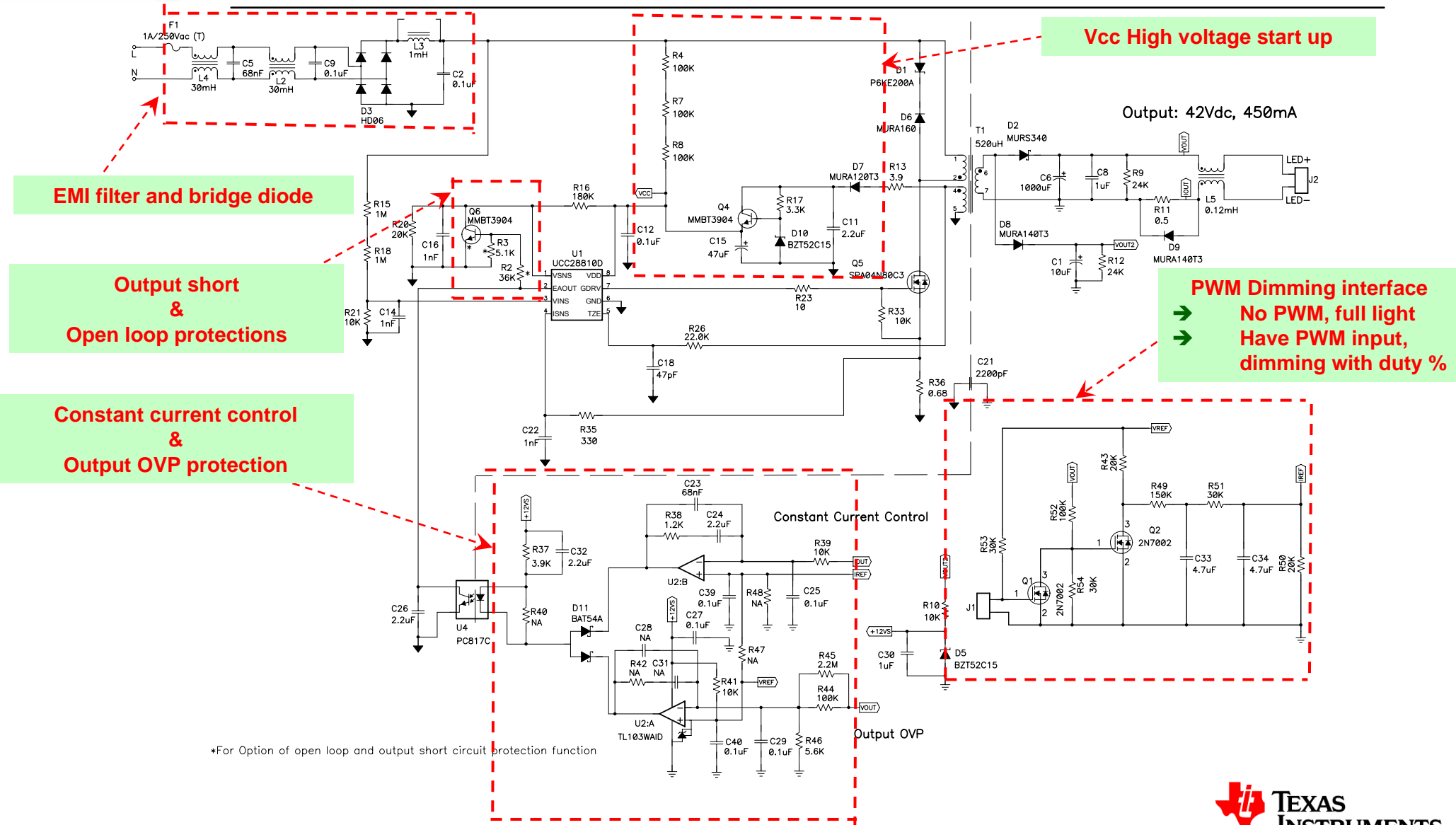
- Specific transformer for T8 lighting form factor
- PWM dimming compatible
- Low BOM cost
- Efficiency >87% at 230Vac input
- Isolated single stage w/ PF>0.97 at 230Vac input
- Output over voltage protection: 45Vdc
- Output ripple current: <30% of output current
- Size: 245mmX18mmx11mm (ultra-slim)

## Applications

- T8 and T10 tube LED lighting
- Wall-wash LED lighting
- Commercial LED lighting with PWM dimming



# PMP4301: Schematics of Single Stage PFC with UCC28810



# PMP4304: 7W TRIAC dimming LED lighting Driver

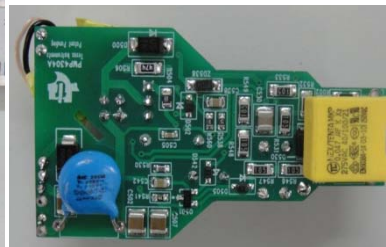
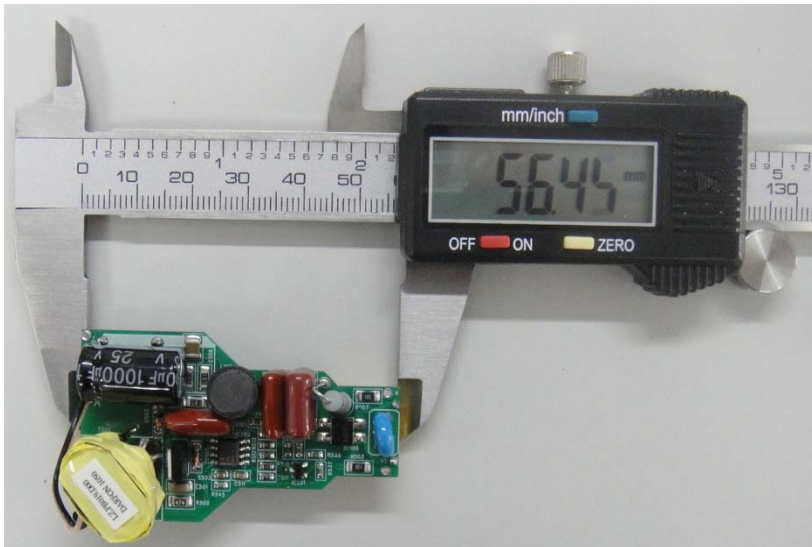
Reference Design	TI Parts	$V_{in}$	$P_o$	$V_o$ $I_o$	Topology	Eff.	PF
<b>AC Input 7W AC/DC LED Lighting Driver /w TRIAC dimming</b>	TPS92210 TL431	180-265 Vac	7W	16V~25V 350mA (5~7 LEDs)	Singe Stage high PF with TRIAC dimming	~80%	>0.95

## Features

- 50 components counts with low BOM cost
- TRIAC dimmable solutions without flicking
- Primary side controls without opto-coupler
- Constant On-time control with high power factor

## Applications

- PAR20/30/38 LED Lighting
- Small form factor indoor Lighting



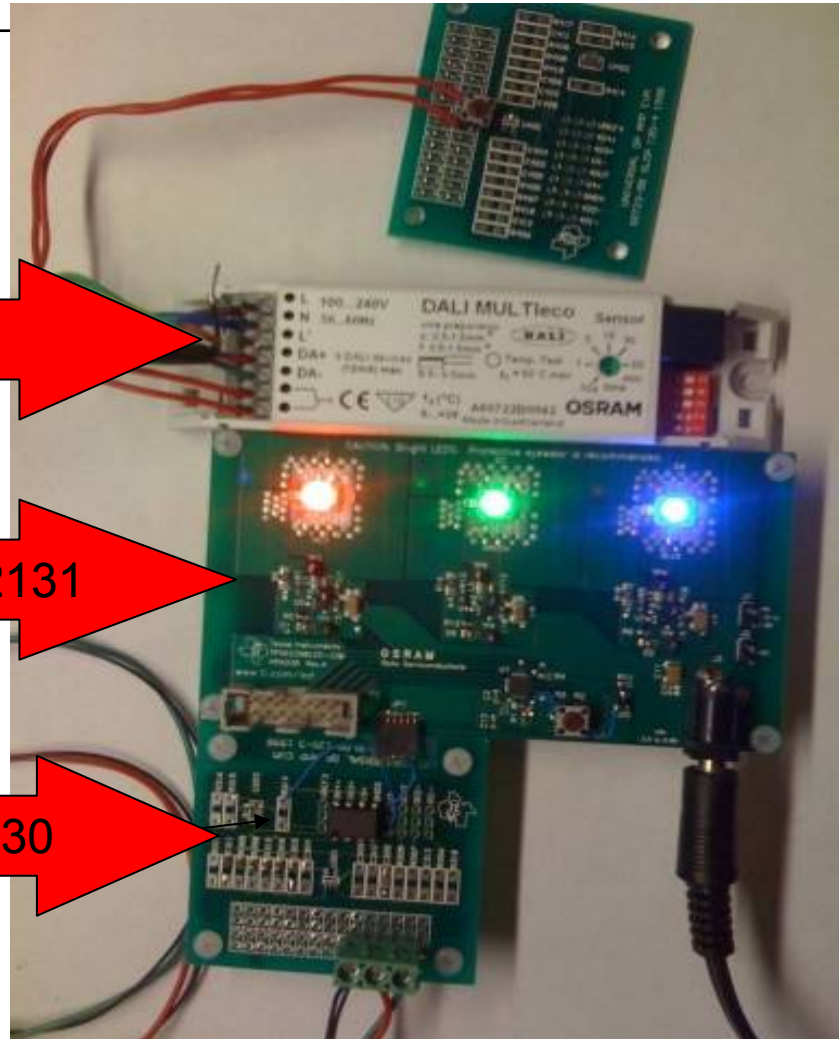


# DALI Demo and Evaluation Platform

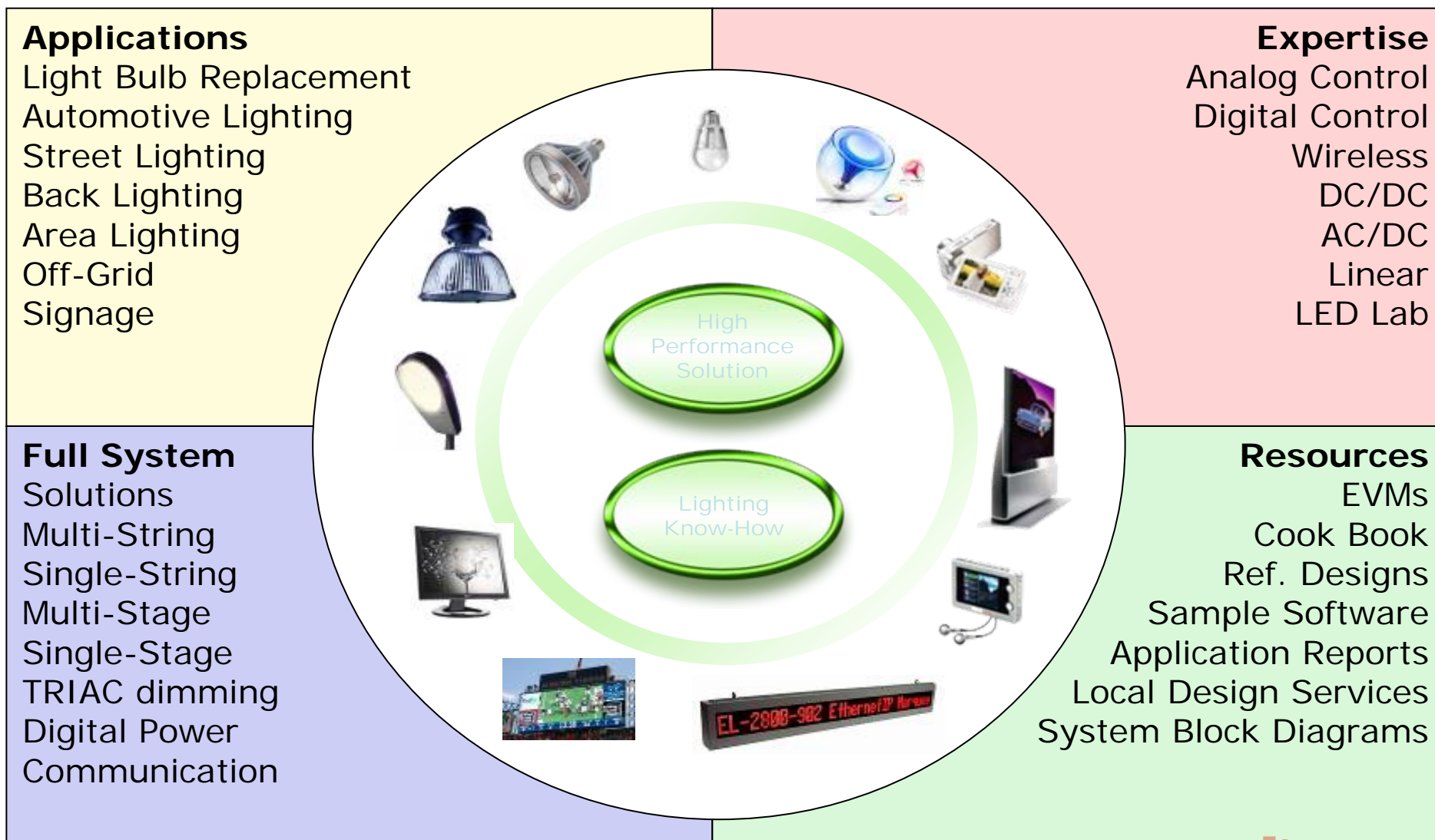
DALI controller

TPS62260 EVM with MSP2131

DALI PHY for MSP430



# TI LED Lighting Solutions

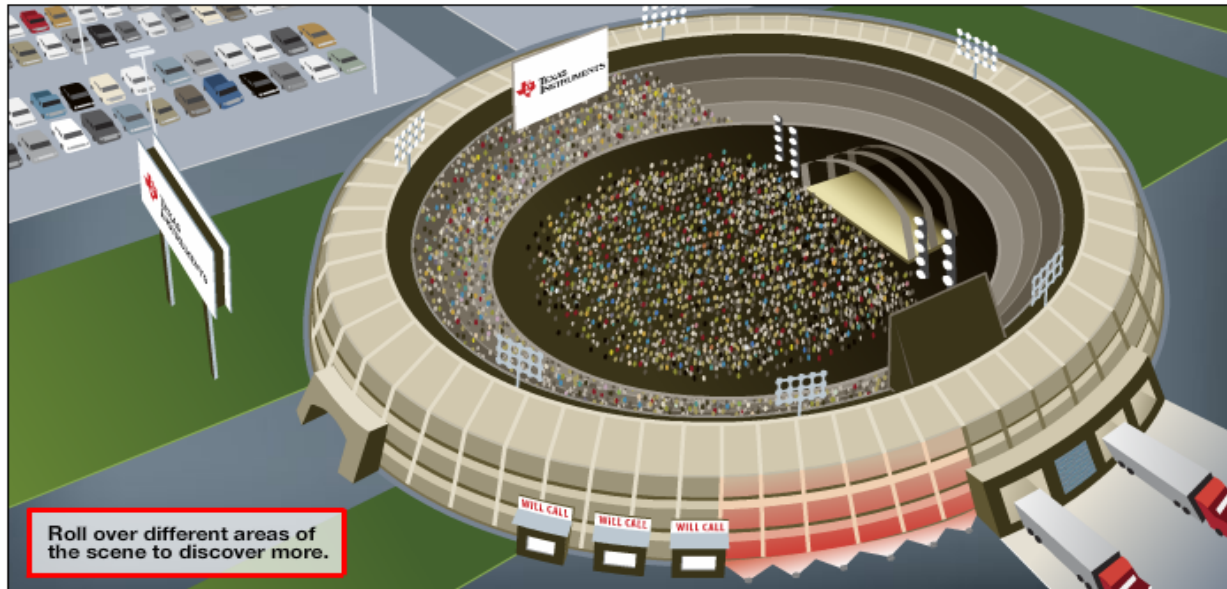




## LED Driver, Lighting & Display Solutions

SHARE

Complete solutions for LCD backlighting, signage, information displays, LCD HDTV, general LED lighting, automotive and more.



Texas Instruments provides a broad portfolio of high-performance products for your LED design needs. From RF and power management (including AC/DC, Power Factor

### News Releases

Three new power management chips increase efficiency, voltage and output current in LED designs

Control Law Accelerator delivers up to 5X performance to improve functionality and efficiency of applications such as LED lighting, motor control and digital power

TI eases design for energy-efficient and energy harvesting applications with expanded 16- and 32-bit MCU tools portfolio

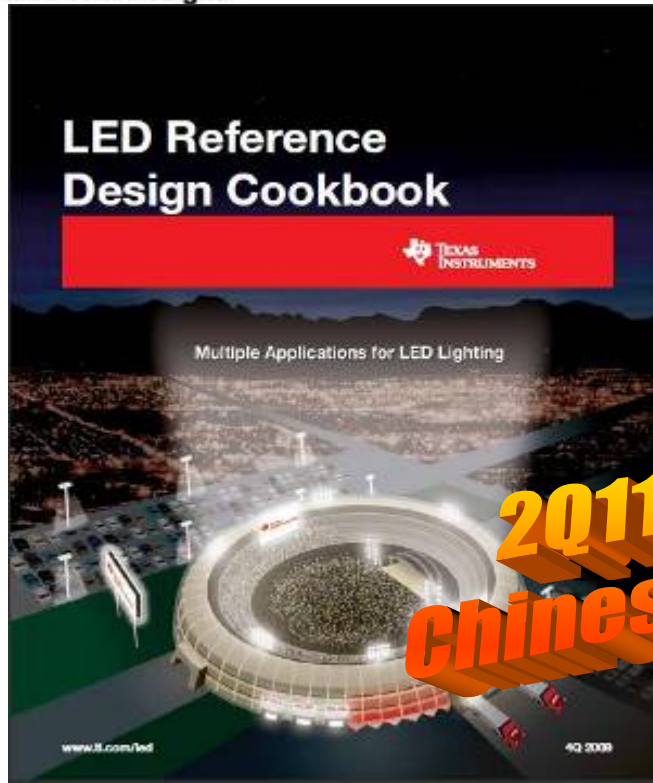
New \$39 Piccolo USB tools jumpstart 32-bit real-time control development

Texas Instruments Piccolo™ 32-bit microcontrollers bring real-time control for greater energy efficiency to cost-sensitive applications

### Contributed Articles

Reference Designs, Products, White Papers, Articles, Tools, Videos, etc.

# LED Reference Design Cookbook



**2011 Fresh Off the Press  
Chinese Version ready now!**

## LED Reference Design Cookbook Contents

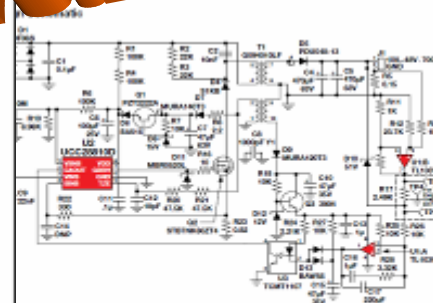
Configuration	Essencing Options	$R_{DS(on)}$	$R_{DS(on)}$ (Typ)	$I_{LED}$ (mA)	Series	Page
1 to 10 series	Digital or PWM	5 to 10 $\Omega$	2 to 30 maximum	700 maximum	T100-1001	4
1 to 10 series	---	2.0 to 5.0 $\Omega$	3 typical	20 per LED	T100-1001	6
1 to 10 series	Digital or PWM	3 to 12 $\Omega$	5 typical	300	T100-1001	8
1 to 10 series	Analog or PWM	4 to 24 $\Omega$	10 to 40	300	T100-1001	10
1 to 10 series	---	10 to 20 $\Omega$	10 to 40	300	UCC28810	12
1 to 10 series	TMAC driver	10 to 20 $\Omega$	200 maximum	300	UCC28810	14
1 to 10 series	TMAC driver	30 to 100 $\Omega$	24 to 32	400	T100-1001	16
1 to 10 series	TMAC driver	30 to 100 $\Omega$	33 to 38	700	UCC28810	20
1 to 10 series	PWM	30 to 100 $\Omega$	35 to 100	900	UCC28810	22
1 to 10 series	Analog or PWM	30 to 100 $\Omega$	35 to 100	900	UCC28810	24
1 to 10 series	---	10 to 20 $\Omega$	24 typical	300	T100-1001	26
1 to 10 series	---	4.0 to 5.0 $\Omega$	3 typical	300 per LED	T100-1001	28
1 to 10 series	Dual-boost	1.2 to 5 $\Omega$	---	---	---	---

## Current Driver with PFC

### P4501

Prevents dangerous output voltages from occurring during open-string conditions. A current-sense amplifier reduces the sensing resistor's power dissipation, thus increasing overall efficiency. The internal reference voltage of the operational amplifier achieves excellent LED current regulation versus output power and input voltage. The PMP4501 achieves high efficiency (90% peak), high power density and a high power factor. The reference pin connects to a secondary-side rectifier.

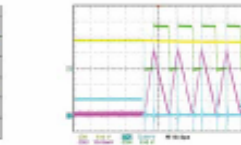
Web Links  
Datasheets, user's guides, samples:  
[www.ti.com/lit/device/ucc28810](http://www.ti.com/lit/device/ucc28810)



## Non-Isolated Driver with PFC

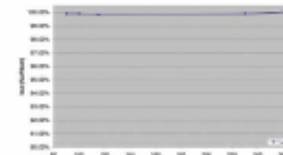
### UCC28810/UCC28810EVM-002

Output Current vs. Line Voltage



UCC28810EVM-002 transfer mode test (PFC response dependent). CH1: LED Current, CH2: PFC, CH3: Inductor current, CH4: LED Current, CH5: CH1 and CH4 phase shift reference.

Line Regulation 30 LEDs at 900 mA, (90 W)



LED current regulation and direction of line voltage

<http://focus.ti.com/lit/sg/slyt349/slyt349a.pdf>

**Thank you**